Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXVII.—NO. 17. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1900. WHOLE NO. 10,344

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The expedition to Pao Ting Fu is ordered to depart October 11th.—— Nearly all the Powers give assent to the French note. —— Cotton oil manufacturers in Mississippi are in conference with a view to control price of cotton seed. —— Hotel at Thomaston, Ga., burned. —— More fighting in South Africa. —— The Bombay infantry is ordered in readiness to proceed to the frontier. —— The reply of the United States government to the French note concerning China is made public. —— State Populist convention met in Raleigh and appointed electors. —— Gustave Eckstein of Savannah, Ga., has lost $5,000, which he claimed was sent by express from New York to the firm in Savannah. —— Mr. Bryan made sixteen speeches yesterday in Michigan. —— Nearly every State in the Union is represented in the assembly of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, Richmond, Va. —— Miners' convention will meet to-day; chances of a settlement of the strike are rather slight. —— New York markets: Money on call firmer at 1½@3½ per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 10 11-16c; flour barely steady and lower to sell; wheat—spot weak, No. 2 red 80c; corn—spot weak, No. 2 47½c; oats—spot easy, No. 2 25½c; rosin firm; spirits turpentine firm at 42@42½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 11.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 50 degrees; 8 P. M., 59 degrees; maximum, 65 degrees; minimum, 48 degrees; mean, 56 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .0; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 2.55 inches.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

The weather is cloudy in the lower Mississippi Valley and eastward to the coast. Rains have fallen in most districts, being heaviest in the Memphis and Mobile sections. Cool weather continues.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—For North Carolina—Rain Friday and probably Saturday; brisk northeasterly winds, possibly becoming high on the coast during Friday.

Port Almanac—October 12.

Sun Rises	6.04 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.29 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 35 M.
High Water at Southport	9.42 A. M.
High Water Wilmington	1.05 P. M.

It costs $300,000 a day to run the Philippine racket. McKinley expansion comes high, but it must be paid for.

"Li's Veterans" seem to be figuring some in China. Veteran lies are figuring some in the campaign in this country.

Mark Hanna and his friends insist that if there is any packing of the Supreme Court to be done they are fellows to do it.

Two denizens of Syracuse, N. Y., mistook each other for burglars and had a lively tussle. But there was no policeman about and they both got away.

Two Frenchmen fought a duel a few days ago, and one of them was so awkward that he ran his sword through the other fellow's lung and killed him. That fellow will probably be ruled out of the duelling ring.

Speaker Henderson is in favor of a constitutional amendment regulating Trusts. But Mark Hanna says there are no Trusts. If there are not, what is there to regulate? Mark had better write a few remarks to Henderson.

It is said that one of the English ship building firms has plans and specifications for a steamer which will reduce the present shortest time of crossing the Atlantic twenty-four hours, which would make it a little over four days.

In an article in the *North American Review* Senator Hoar pays high compliment to Senator Tillman, of South Carolina. Senator Hoar was one of the Republican Senators who was fortunate enough to keep out of the way of Tillman's pitchfork.

Some of the Republican organs say that because Bryan talks about corruption and the big Republican campaign fund it is a confession of defeat. But judging from the efforts of Hanna and his hustling assistants they are not attaching much importance to the opinions of those papers.

The Emperor of Germany does not think those pouring water over some Chinese brass gods will be a sufficient attonement for the murder of about one hundred and seventy-eight missionaries, and numerous other people sacrificed to Boxer hatred. The libation and proxy method of attonement will have to be varied somewhat this time.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The steamer *Hawes* cleared yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock for a trip up Black river.

— Steamer *Mathilda*, from Hamburg for Wilmington, N. C., arrived yesterday at Fayal for coal.

— The Y. M. C. A. membership score at noon yesterday was 27 1-10 to 23 2-10 in favor of the "Reds."

— Election for President and Vice-President and primary for United States Senator, Tuesday, November 6th.

— Chas. McKoy, colored, was taxed up with the costs in the case for throwing trash into the streets, by Mayor pro tem. Springer yesterday morning.

— Slight damage was done yesterday by a small blaze at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon to the house, No. 1305 North Sixth street. The department responded to an alarm from box 17.

— Andrew Spellman, colored, was tried by Justice McGowan yesterday on the charges of larceny of a key and of forcible trespass. The evidence was insufficient to convict and the case was dismissed.

— Although Judge Moore, of the Eastern District Criminal Court, is presiding over the term at Newbern this week, it is learned from the *Journal* of yesterday that he is yet quite unwell. No morning session could be held Wednesday on account of his illness.

— Superintendent Perry has the street force at work now on the section of Fifth street between Dock and Orange. Sidewalks will be cut down and owners of property will build retaining walls around their lots to protect them. The trees are also being cut down and hauled away.

— Copies of the acts of the adjourned session of the 1900 Legislature are being distributed to each justice of the peace of the various counties in the State. Copies of the acts and of the journals are also being distributed to County Commissioners and members of the House and Senate.

— Southport *Standard*: "Surgeon T. B. Perry, who is in charge of the Marine Hospital at Wilmington, was sent here by special detail this week to inspect the Quarantine Station, and to condemn unserviceable property. The machinery and all the station appliances were put to work and passed a creditable test."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

S. W. Sanders—Take notice.
T. D. Love—Water-ground meal.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Milch Cows—For sale.
Mrs. McMillan—Notice.

The Local Markets.

Spirits turpentine continues to advance and people are wondering if late in the season it will not reach the high water mark attained about this time last year. Yesterday there were sales at 38 @ 38½ cents and the market closed firm.

There was little change on the local market yesterday in cotton. Sales were reported yesterday on a basis of 10½ cents for middling, but the tone of the market is quiet. The receipts were lower yesterday than since the season fairly opened in September. The record at the Produce Exchange showed only 726 bales as compared with 876 bales on the same day last year. Most of this came via the Carolina Central railroad.

Dowd in Columbus.

Hon. W. C. Dowd, of Charlotte, elector for this district, will speak to-day at Whiteville, Columbus county and at Fair Bluff on Saturday. He will likely make no more speeches until Wednesday evening when he will make an address to New Hanover Democrats in the Court House here. Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy's appointments in Columbus are at Whiteville, Oct. 22nd and at Pireway Oct. 20th.

First Baptist Revival.

Rev. Walter P. Hines, pastor of Park View Baptist Church, Portsmouth, Va., will assist Rev. Calvin S. Blackwell in a series of revival services to begin at the First Baptist Church on the second or third Sunday in November. The Rev. Mr. Hines has assisted Dr. Blackwell in meetings before. He is a splendid singer as well as a successful evangelist.

Christian Scientists.

Members of the Christian Science denomination in Wilmington will shortly open a reading room in the Masonic Temple, for the benefit of those who may desire to read literature bearing upon the belief. The room will be furnished with the best literature of the Christian Scientists and will be open daily from 11.30 A. M. until 1.30 P. M.

Here for Cotton Cargoes.

Two other large tramp steamships came in yesterday for cargoes of cotton from Messrs. Alexander Sprunt & Son. The *Daleby*, of 2,353 net tons register, Captain Lewis, came from Civita Vecchia, Italy, and the British tramp *Buckminster*, 1,297 tons, Captain Brown, arrived from Bangor, Me.

Will Be Married at Pittsboro.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvis Bynum, of Pittsboro, N. C., have issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Miss Julia Blyes, to Mr. Frank Caldwell Poe, on Wednesday evening, October 24th, at 8 o'clock, in the Methodist Church at Pittsboro.

THE KINSAULS MATTER.

Conflicting Stories Continue to Be Poured Out to Curious Ears—Legal Status of the Hanging.

The man who makes a visit up the Wilmington and Weldon railroad these days and doesn't bring fresh corroboration of the story of Kinsaul's resuscitation after the hanging at Clinton several weeks ago, is immediately put down as one recreant to his duty and altogether disappointing.

The Clinton *Democrat* yesterday shed no new light on the mystery and only gave speculations of papers removed from the scene of the extraordinary circumstances. One man who saw the execution at Clinton came down yesterday and said the story of resuscitation was all "bosh;" another said he saw the execution and as soon as the murderer was cut down he was hurried away and placed in an adjoining room by physicians and friends; he even went so far as to say that they took the coffin and ran with it. Still another man said that soon after the execution Kinsauls' wife was seen by him in Richmond; he knew it was her for he contributed to the fund which she was raising here for attorneys' fees for her husband. And thus the story goes.

A party of lawyers were discussing the matter night before last of whether Kinsauls could be hanged again in the event he had really been snatched from death after being pronounced dead by the physician called in by the county officially. There was a difference of opinion. "It would be a nice point at law," one of them said, "and I would advise Kinsauls to remain in Richmond, or go further, if he is really on earth yet."

AT THE OPERA HOUSE.

Robert Downing and Company in "Richard Couer De Lion" To-night.

Robert Downing, a great favorite with the theatre-goers of Wilmington and one of America's most sterling tragedians, will be the attraction at the Opera House to-night, presenting the most successful bill of his large reportorie, "Richard Couer De Lion," embellished with magnificent scenic effects and stage accessories; the production, in fact, being given with that magnificence associated with Mr. Downing's former visit to Wilmington.

His supporting company is said to be an excellent one and up to the present day high standard. Mr. Charles D. Herman, his leading man, is an actor whose reputation is second only to that of the star, he having supported in the years of his career such stars as "Modjeska," the "Warde-James" combination and last season with Frederick Warde, appearing here with that well known actor last season.

For his leading lady Mr. Downing has secured in Miss Alberta Converse a young woman who is said by newspaper critics to be a "Mary Anderson at twenty," beautiful in face and form and exceedingly talented.

Reserved seats are now on sale at Gerken's.

MRS. EMMA McEACHERN.

Funeral Held Yesterday Afternoon from the First Baptist Church.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Emma McEachern was held yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the First Baptist church. Rev. Calvin S. Blackwell, D. D., the pastor, assisted by Rev. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrews' Presbyterian Church, conducted the services. There was a large gathering of friends and acquaintances to pay a parting tribute of respect. The hymns were rendered by the First Presbyterian church choir.

The ceremony was concluded at Bellevue Cemetery, where the interment was made. The grave was covered with many beautiful floral offerings. The following gentlemen were pall bearers: Capt. W. P. Oldham, Capt. Jas. I. Metts, Dr. A. M. Baldwin, Messrs. A. S. Winstead, J. W. Alderman and Owen Fennell.

L'AGILE GERMAN CLUB

Will Give Opening German October 19th. Fifteen New Members Added.

The Governing Board of L'Agile German met last night and decided to give the inaugural club german of the season on Friday night, the 19th inst., in the Masonic Temple ball room. Handsome invitations are being engraved and they will be issued in a few days.

The club added fifteen members to the roll last night, swelling the number to forty. L'Agile Club was a prime factor in promoting social pleasures last season and their dances during the coming season will be sources of much pleasure to club members and their young lady friends.

Death of a Little Girl.

Mr. and Mrs. William McKinney have the sympathy of many friends in the death of their three-year old daughter, Isabel Wallace, at noon yesterday at the family residence on Front street, between Wooster and Dawson. The funeral will be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon from the residence and the interment will be made in Bellevue cemetery.

AS WE HAVEN'T OUR STOCK

satisfactorily arranged yet, we find that we will have to postpone our Fall Opening till next week. Will give date of Opening in our regular ad. in Sunday's STAR.

The Big Racket Store,
GEO. O. GAYLORD, Proprietor.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Miss Mary Nash returned last night from Tarboro.

— Mrs. W. L. Harlow returned last evening from Raleigh.

— Mrs. J. W. Cowan, of Burgaw, visited friends in the city yesterday.

— Mr. John E. Huhn has returned to the Episcopal Seminary at Alexandria, Va.

— Mrs. T. M. Emerson and Mrs. E. P. Boatwright returned from Richmond last night.

— Capt. J. H. Beery and family have returned from a Summer's outing at Jackson Springs.

— Mr. Robert J. Walker, of Charlotte, and Mr. W. D. Wells, of Wallace, were among yesterday's arrivals at The Orton.

— Allen P. Hallett, Esq., of Northport, N. Y., who was here to attend the funeral of his father, the late Capt. B. A. Hallett, has gone to Mount Olive to wind up affairs connected with the estate. He will return to Wilmington in a few days.

BUILDING FISH WAREHOUSE.

Mr. W. B. Cooper Will Add a New Feature to His Wholesale Grocery Business—The Fishermen.

Mr. W. B. Cooper, the well known wholesale grocer, with stores at Nos. 310 and 312 Nutt street, has begun the erection next door south of his present location of a fish warehouse and he proposes in the future to make this one of the features of his already large business. The warehouse extends the length of his present store and will afford ample accommodations for the extensive business which he proposes to conduct in the wholesale trade.

In speaking of the mullet season this year, Mr. Cooper says receipts indicate that the catch is not as large as last year up to this time. Just now business with the fishermen is exceptionally good, but the early weeks in September were not so favorable as in former years. The prices, though, are holding up well and fishermen appear well satisfied. The weather thus far has been especially favorable to the industry and the hauls now by the men who "manipulate the seine" are all that could be desired. The fishing all along the North Carolina coast is now good. To give some idea of the extent of the business, Mr. Cooper alone has 40,000 pounds of mullets now in his warehouses, to say nothing of those that have already been sold this season.

Death of Col. Pemberton.

The numerous friends in Wilmington of Capt. W. H. Pemberton will deeply sympathize with him in the loss of his father, Col. John A. Pemberton, whose death occurred at Fayetteville Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock in the 73rd year of his age. Other surviving children besides Capt. Pemberton are: Messrs. J. A. and Thomas Pemberton; Mrs. J. W. McNeill, Mrs. E. T. B. Glenn, Mrs. Hancock, Mrs. Harrell, Mrs. O. B. Wightman, Mrs. John D. Williams, Mrs. J. B. Underwood, Jr. Col. Pemberton was one of the leading citizens of Fayetteville and this section of the State and his death is deeply deplored. He served gallantly during the Civil war and was one of the prime movers in the organization of the LaFayette Light Infantry. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon at 4.30 o'clock from St. John's Episcopal Church, of which he was a member.

Strike at Caswell.

Southport *Standard:* "These days of activity at Fort Caswell are not without events, and in keeping with the style of the hour a strike was made here on Monday morning last by the workmen of Messrs. Pullan & Weeks, contractors. There is no labor union there, neither is there permanent organization. The workmen simply struck for higher wages, they having received before now 80 cents for the regulated eight hours a day, and now make demands for an increase.

"The contractors have set to work to freeze out the strikers and their places are being filled with other workmen at slightly increased wages, it being purposed not to re-hire the striking men."

They Are Bellamy Democrats.

The Goldsboro correspondent of the Raleigh *Post* says:

"I had a talk this morning with a Croatan preacher, Rev. H. H. Lowry, of Elrod, who is a nephew of Henry Berry Lowry, of the Robeson county swamp-angel days. The parson tells me his people are making great strides along educational lines, that they have a normal school and right many have been prepared as teachers. The *Post* man suggested that he understood his people were Bellamy Democrats and received the reply, 'Yes, sir; we are for John D. Bellamy; he is our friend.' Sticking to a friend is a characteristic of this people."

Cleared With Cargo.

The British steamship *Bellerby*, Capt. Finney, cleared yesterday for Bremen with a cargo of 10,000 bales of cotton valued at $545,000 from Messrs. Alexander Sprunt & Son. She leaves in port six other steamships for cargoes of cotton, four of which are to Messrs. Sprunt & Son and two to Mr. J. H. Sloan.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

MIDDLE-OF-ROAD POPULISTS.

Small Attendance at the State Convention in Raleigh—Barker and Donnelly Electors Appointed.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, October 11.—There were only a baker's dozen of delegates in attendance upon the State convention of middle of the road Populists held here to-day. They met at the Yarboro House. Chairman J. P. Sossaman, of Charlotte, presided, and P. L. Gardner, of Cherryville, was secretary. Electors were selected as follows: At large—George E. Bogge, of Haywood county; Dr. V. N. Seawell, of Faison, Duplin county. District electors—1, A. J. Moye, Farmville, Pitt county; 2, J. M. Mewborne, Kinston, Lenoir; 3, Charles D. Franks, Richlands, Onslow; 4, J. E. Spence, Haywood, Chatham; 5, T. J. Oldham, Teera, Orange; 6, S. A. Edmund, Lumberton, Robeson; 7, L. A. Lawrence, Mooresville, Iredell; 8, S. C. Kerley, Morganton; 9, Lindsay Furgason, Logan's Store, Rutherford.

The Secretary had proxies from twelve counties, and the chairman had many more. Five Congressional districts were represented. Among those present were: J. J. Jenkins, candidate for Congress in the Fourth; A. C. Shuford, Congressional candidate in the Sixth; J. E. Spence, of Chatham; S. J. Gardner, of Harnett, and Robert Stroud, of Orange. "This ticket will stay up until election day and Barker and Donnelly will poll a good vote in this State," said Chairman Sossaman.

The marriage of Miss Lilla May Vass and Mr. Sylvester Brown Shepherd was solemnized this evening at half-after eight o'clock in the First Baptist Church; Rev. Dr. A. A. Marshall, pastor of the church, officiating.

MARRIAGE AT BURGAW WEDNESDAY.

Miss Lillian Grady Happily Wedded to Mr. Alsa Carr, of Wallace.

Mr. and Mrs. L. V. Grady returned last evening from Burgaw where they attended on Wednesday the marriage of Mr. Grady's sister, Miss Lillian Grady, daughter of the late S. M. Grady, of Duplin county, to Mr. Alsa Carr, a prominent young business man of Wallace. The affair was a quiet home wedding and took place at the residence of Mr. J. F. Johnson, near the town of Burgaw.

The hour of the marriage was 8 o'clock P. M., and the parlor of the home was handsomely decorated for the event. The ceremony was beautifully performed by Rev. D. P. McGeachy, pastor of the Burgaw group of Presbyterian churches, and the attendants were Mr. L. V. Grady and Mrs. L. V. Grady, Mr. D. H. Williams and Mrs. D. H. Williams, Mr. R. G. Grady with Miss May Henry Herring, Mr. Snyder Carr with Miss Sallie Herring.

After the ceremony a very sumptuous wedding supper was served to the bridal party. Mr. and Mrs. Carr will reside at Wallace.

Second Ward Club.

Only routine matters were considered at last night's meeting of the Second Ward White Supremacy Club in the rooms of the Merchants' Association in the Seaboard Air Line building. Several committees were instructed as to the work expected of them. President W. E. Springer was present in his official capacity and there was a good attendance of members.

County Auditing Board.

The auditing committee of the Board of County Commissioners was in session last night from 8 until after 10 o'clock. The usual monthly bills were examined and approved and the other work was of a routine character. Chairman McEachern presided at the meeting and those in attendance were Commissioners Vollers and Holmes.

First Ward Club.

President Jno. N. Bennett, of the First Ward Bryan and Stevenson Club is especially anxious for a large attendance of the voters of that division of the city at the regular weekly meeting to-night which will be held in Hibernian Hall instead of Lamb's Hall as heretofore. There is business of especial interest for consideration.

Dr. Geo. C. Needham Coming.

Dr. Geo. C. Needham is to hold a meeting in Wilmington soon, says the Raleigh *Biblical Recorder*. Dr. Needham is very favorably remembered here and the news that he will return will be received with interest. He conducted a series of Bible readings at the Y. M. C. A. some years since.

Interior Decorations.

The foreman of Duryea and Potter who had charge of the interior decorations of Hon. John D. Bellamy's residence, has returned from New York to do interior decoration in the new residence of Mr. Wm. H. Sprunt, corner Third and Grace streets.

Died Yesterday Morning.

The STAR regrets to announce the death of Bertha A. Piver the two-year old daughter of Mrs. William Piver, at 2 o'clock yesterday morning at 708 south Third street. The funeral will be held at 12 o'clock to-day from the residence.

Property Transfer.

Robt. H. Stamper and wife, of Kings county, New York, have conveyed by deed to Susan Woodall, of this city, a tract of property 99x183 feet on MacRae street, between Mulberry and Chestnut; consideration $4,000.

SUCCEEDS MR. BASS.

Mr. T. M. Turrentine Will Manage Murphy & Co.'s Brokerage Office.

Mr. Ottis Bass, who has been manager in Wilmington of the brokerage office of Murphy & Company, of New York, will return to New York to resume his former position with the above named firm. Mr. and Mrs. Bass will leave for New York to-morrow evening.

Mr. T. Morgan Turrentine, who formerly had charge of Munn & Company's business here, will succeed Mr. Bass as manager for Murphy & Company and will conduct the exchange in its present quarters in the Sternberger building on North Front street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sharpie Enterprise,

As she now lies, at the wharf of the Creosote Company near the foot of Wooster street, will be sold by auction, at noon on Wednesday, the 17th inst., for cash.

oct 11 1w R. W. GIBSON.

Miss Annie B. Stroupe in store formerly occupied by

Miss Gracie V. Wood, 103 Market street, will open a complete line of carefully selected FALL MILLINERY, MONDAY, October 8th. Ladies of the city are invited to call.

oct 7 tf

TAKE NOTICE.

Your attention is directed to the contents of this

Basket.

One can Pears	20
One cake H. C. Soda	05
¼ lb Mixed Tea	15
One Jar Prepared Mustard	10
Two cakes Laundry Soap	08
All worth	58c

BASKET AND ALL FOR **39c.**

S. W. SANDERS,
at
THE UNLUCKY CORNER.
A few days and then—well watch. oct 7 tf

OPERA HOUSE

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12th.
Engagement of America's Tragedian
Mr. ROBERT DOWNING,
assisted by the beautiful and talented ALBERTA CONVERSE
and a complete company, including Charles D. Herman, William Somers, J. W. Downing, A. W. Purcell, H. S. Branch, George Haley, Louis Morton, Fred Eduards, Miss Minnie Lindley, Miss Maud Isbell, Miss Sadie Rheam, Miss Anne Lee Burson, etc., etc
Presenting his latest and most positive success,
RICHARD, The Lion Hearted.
by Arthur Dudley Hall, Esq.
oct 10 3t

Water Ground Meal.

Fresh lot of Virginia Water Ground Meal for this week's trade. Also, all kinds Candies, Apples, Cakes, Mullets, California Hams, Honey Drip Syrup, P. R. Molasses, Cream Patent and Saxon Flour. All the best grades.

It is just as cheap.
GET THE BEST.

We are selling Cotton, Spirits, Rosin, Tar, Cattle, Eggs and Fruits to best advantage for our customers. Sole agent for American Fruit Growers' Union.

T. D. LOVE,
114 North Water street.

Steamers for Fayetteville, N. C. Freight and passengers. Monday and Thursday, leave 2 o'clock P. M.
T. D. LOVE,
oct 11 tf General Manager.

For Rent.

Stores,
Dwellings,
Offices and
Warehouses.
Some Real Bargains.

D. O'CONNOR,
sep 28 tf Real Estate Agent.

It's All the Go.
What?
NEW RIVER OYSTERS at WARREN'S CAFE.
oct 3 tf

WILMINGTON SEA COAST R. R.

On and after Sept. 24, 1900, the schedule will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
2.30 P. M.	8.00 A. M.
6.00 P. M.	5.00 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View
2.30 P. M.	5.00 P. M.
6.00 P. M.	

Freight will be carried only on the 2.30 P. M. train. No goods will be received unless accompanied by way bills and FREIGHT PREPAID. Freight must be received at our depot 15 minutes before leaving time of train. No exceptions will be made to these rules.

sep 22 tf R. O. GRANT, Supt.

Don't Forget

I have anything you want.
Bananas, Pears,
Grapes, Apples,
Cocoanuts and Candies.

Ice Cream For Sunday.

I can serve you with the best.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
204 Princess street.
oct 6 tf Inter-State 'Phone 132.

SCHOOL SHOES.

ALL SIZES. ALL KINDS. ALL PRICES.

Solomon's Shoe Store.

oct 4 tf

Save Your Money
AND DEPOSIT IT IN THE
New Savings Bank, opposite the Postoffice.

We invite you to open an account with us. We guarantee Absolute Security to depositors, and pay interest at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum, compounded quarterly. We take any amount, large or small, and extend the same courtesy to all of our depositors. Call and see us or write us for further information.

The Guardian Security, Trust and Deposit Company,
OF WILMINGTON, N. C.
H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
oct 10 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

DON'T OVERLOOK THE FACT that you have not left your order for a Suit or Overcoat, and the cold weather will soon be upon you.

Our line of Oxford Cheviots and Unfinished Worsteds for suits and Overcoats are extremely swell, while our Oxford and Black Vicunas are the correct goods for Frock Coats. For Sacque Suits we are displaying an elegant line of Cassimere goods. We buy our goods of the best manufacturers of Europe, and there are none better.

A full line of Men's Furnishings always on hand.

M. H. CURRAN, 107 Princess St.
oct 7 tf

FALL OPENING.
1900.
Thursday, October 11th, Friday, October 12th.

The most stylish display of Millinery ever brought to Wilmington. Stock selected by Mrs. Taylor and Miss Lillie Taylor with the usual result.

None able to compete with them. Styles to suit the most fastidious.

One and all cordially invited to inspect our stock.

Taylor's Bazaar,
oct 7 tf 118 Market street.

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital,	$200,000.00
Surplus,	30,000.00
Stock Liability,	200,000.00
	$430,000.00

Commenced Business March 1st, 1899.

We offer the above security to depositors, and are prepared to lend them money and give them all reasonable facilities in our line. If you think of starting a Bank Account or changing the one you have, write us or call in and see us.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.
sep 30 tf

ANNOUNCEMENT.

On October 1st we change. But do not move. We have had no REMOVAL SALE, nor will we have. But we are selling lots of SHOES. The fact is, the low prices at which we are closing out some of our lines are attracting people from far and near. Everything that we do not expect to keep up sizes and styles on in our Shoe Department.

Will go---
Regardless of cost.

This Department of our business will be OUR SPECIALTY yet. We shall make it interesting in all the different departments. We hope to be ready to serve the public in splendid shape by the 12th or 13th.

Watch our space

in this paper. Try us once and you will come again.

Respectfully,
MERCER & EVANS.
sep 30 tf

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN, DISTRIBUTORS.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, HAY, TOBACCOS.

Exclusive selling agents for POWELL SMITH & CO.

------CIGARS------

CUBAN BLOSSOMS, RENOWNS, SMOKETTES, TOPICAL TWISTS.

These goods are unsurpassed, and for quality are unexcelled. One trial will suffice.
sep 9 tf

FOR RENT.

STORE now occupied by W. H. Haynsh, opposite New Market, and Store on Water, next to corner Red Cross St. sep 19 1m Apply to ANDREW SMITH.

Now For The Fall Trade.

We are now prepared to fill all orders for goods in our line, wholesale and retail, at prices that will surprise you. Quality, too, is a feature in which we excel.

Agicultural Implements, Fine Cutlery, Tinware, Saddles, Horse Collars, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition of every kind, Stoves, Ranges—

Well, it would require too much space to enumerate the thousand and one articles that make up one of the most complete stocks ever offered in the South.

Polite attention, prompt filling of orders and perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

J. W. Murchison & Co.
Orton Building,
sep 2 tf Wilmington, N. C.

BALDWIN Apples.

25 Barrels Baldwin Apples.
14,000 Pounds New Mullets.
400 Bushels W. G. Meal.
210 Pounds Grain Pepper.
196 Pounds Race Ginger.
220 Pounds Alspice.
75 Boxes Nutmeg.
90 Oz. 1-8 Quinine.
60 Dozen Castor Oil.
100 Dozen Laudanum.
90 Dozen Bateman Drops.
10,000 Pounds Wrapping Paper
100,000 Paper Bags.
75,000 Butter Trays.
And a thousand other things.

W. B. COOPER.
oct 10 tf

REMOVED.....
To 111 Market Street,

Where you will find the finest, most artistic and largest Stock of Furniture ever shown in North Carolina. The products of the best manufacturers in the world, on which I have exclusive sale.

N. F. PARKER.

Furniture hauled, stored and packed. Sole agents for Genuine Pelo Grass. The Upholsterer, Cabinet and Mattress maker of the State.
oct 7 tf

1900	OCTOBER					1900
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter 1, 4:10 p. m. Full Moon 8, 8:18 a. m. Third Quarter 15, 4:51 a. m. New Moon 23, 8:37 a. m. First Quarter 31, 3:17 a. m.

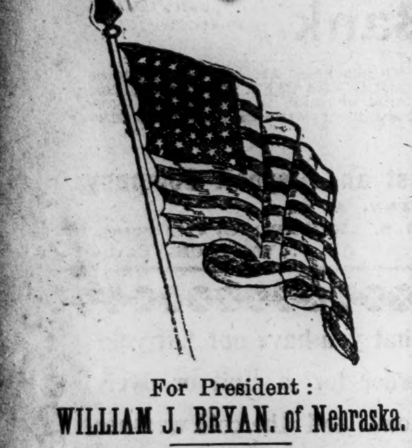
The Morning Star

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 12.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.



For President:
WILLIAM J. BRYAN, of Nebraska.

For Vice-President:
ADLAI E. STEVENSON, of Illinois.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

Electors at Large.

LEE S. OVERMAN, of Rowan.
DAN HUGH McLEAN, of Harnett.

District Electors.

First District:
CHAS. L. ABERNATHY, of Carteret.
Second District:
T. C. WOOTEN, of Lenoir.
Third District:
HENRY L. COOK, of Cumberland.
Fourth District:
B. C. BECKWITH, of Wake.
Fifth District:
WM. A. GUTHRIE, of Durham.
Sixth District:
W. C. DOWD, of Mecklenburg.
Seventh District:
J. R. BLAIR, of Montgomery.
Eighth District:
WM. S. PEARSON, of Burke.
Ninth District:
JNO. M. CAMPBELL, of Buncombe.

For Congress, Sixth District:
JOHN D. BELLAMY of New Hanover.

THE CONSENT OF THE GOVERNED.

Senator Hoar, who labors to find some excuse to defend his inconsistency in supporting as a politician the imperialism which as a Senator he so vigorously condemned, asks how can Southern Democrats who favor qualified negro suffrage consistently talk about the consent of the governed. Senator Hoar himself believes in qualified suffrage, and yet he insisted on the consent of the governed as to the Filipino, so that logically he could be charged with inconsistency as truly as the Southern man who believes in that can be. There is qualified suffrage in Massachusetts and other Northern States, and Senator Hoar thinks it good, and, if we are not mistaken, when he made that speech before the New England society in Charleston a year or so ago he endorsed limited negro suffrage in the South. He never saw anything in qualified suffrage in any Northern State to militate against the principle of the consent of the governed and until he began to talk like a politician he never saw anything in qualified suffrage in the South to militate against it, although he knew it disqualified many more negroes than white men.

But there is no parity between the Philippines and the South, especially North Carolina, which the Republican spellbinders are fond of citing as a striking illustration of Democratic inconsistency. We do not ignore the principle of the consent of the governed. That principle is as much recognized in North Carolina as it is in Massachusetts or in any other State. The constitutional amendment in North Carolina denies no man the privilege of self-government. It discriminates against no race or no body of men. It simply prescribes a condition or a qualification which is within the reach of all and may be attained by all if they are so disposed. If the amendment made a clean sweep and denied suffrage to all negroes, regardless of qualifications, then it might be said that the principle of the consent of the governed would be violated, but this is not the case, for even under this much criticised and much objected to amendment between 40,000 and 50,000 negroes can vote, more negro votes than there are in all the New England States combined, and this number may be increased every year if the negroes care enough about the ballot to try to qualify themselves to vote.

But even if the negroes as a mass were disfranchised, if that were necessary to get rid of the ignorant or vicious vote, there would be no parity, because in the South we are confronted by a condition which actually exists and was forced upon us, while we are violating our traditional policy by crossing an ocean to thurst our government on other people who do not want it. We in the South face a condition that is unavoidable while the advocate of forcibile expansion is inviting a condition that is avoidable. If the Southern white people disfranchised every negro in the South they would have the justification of self preservation, the first law of nature, while there can be no such justification for forcing our government upon the people of the Philippines.

Negroes, but not all negroes, have been disfranchised in North Carolina and some other Southern States, not on account of special enmity to the negro, but because it is a question whether the white man will rule the negro or the negro the white man. It is not a question of both jointly ruling, but of one ruling the other, for every one knows that both cannot rule jointly and harmoniously, for the race line is drawn. It is natural, and would be as strongly drawn against the white man by the negro if he were in a position to draw it, as the white man draws it against the negro.

But there is another factor in this "consent" problem that is not considered by the critics of the Southern people and that is that negro suffrage was forced upon them, not because it was thought that the negro was entitled to suffrage, but because it was thought that his vote could be utilized to hold the white people of the South in political subjection. Negro suffrage was thrust upon them by might, just as American supremacy is to be thrust upon the Filipinos, who are practically in the same condition the Southern white people were during the conflict between the sections. But the Republican party has reversed itself, for then it contended for and supported by arms the principle of the consent of the governed, a principle it now ignores and is fighting against in the Philippines. With what consistency can a Republican who objects to limited negro suffrage in the South, defend the policy which gives the Filipinos no voice in their own government and makes them more ciphers than the negroes in the South are, thousands of whom have all the political privileges that white men have?

ANOTHER OBJECT LESSON.

Mark Hanna says there are no trusts, Senator Depew says there are no trusts, Senator Sewell, of trust-incubating New Jersey, says he has never seen a trust. They call the trust by some other name, but it gets in its work and gets there all the same. The following editorial from the New York *World* tells how one of them gets in its work and gets there:

"The International Paper Company is a tariff protected monopoly. It owns large quantities of spruce timber, from which it makes wood pulp; but here it has competition and must pay. It controls also about all the available water power. The tariff, which excludes all Canadian timber, not only increases the price of paper, but compels the destruction of our forests. This, however, is another story.

"In 1897 ordinary news printing paper sold at $1.65 per 100 pounds, or $33 per ton. A few months after the trust was formed the price increased $5 a ton. Since then the price has been put up until it has reached $55 a ton, an increase of $22, or about 70 per cent. In the mean time the price of wood pulp has increased from between $11 and $16 to $23 a ton.

"The trust was formed in 1898, with a capital of $45,000,000 and authority to issue $10,000,000 in bonds. It took over twenty-five of the principal pulp and paper mills, producing from 75 to 90 per cent. of all the news paper manufactured east of Chicago. Since its organization it has acquired five additional mills. Excessive prices were paid for many of these mills. Some had old-fashioned machinery. Some were situated on exhausted water-power. All of the common stock of the trust is water, acknowledged to represent merely "good-will," and yet a one per cent. quarterly dividend was declared on it at the end of 1898, the year of organization. The trust officials have claimed that they can make $10 a ton on its output. Experts say that its entire plant which must pay dividends or interest on $55,000,000, can be duplicated for $15,000,000.

The tariff duty on pulp and paper enabled this trust to be formed and now leaves the domestic market to it free from competition. The tariff on news paper is now $8 a ton; tariff on ground wood-pulp is $1.67 a ton.

"The trust has taken advantage of artificial conditions, notably the tariff, to exclude foreign competition. It has also taken advantage of natural conditions, like the drought of last year, and of its control of the mills, to limit production. It has been selling its garnered stock of paper at enormously high prices, oppressing the publishing business and threatening to raise the price. Furthermore, under normal conditions the consumption of printing paper increases in this country at the rate of about 200 tons a day. For two years this natural growth has been stopped by the trust.

"Free pulp and free paper would break up this trust."

The attention of Congress was called to this trust by resolutions passed by meetings of publishers of papers, books, magazine, etc., and petitions were sent in asking for a repeal of the tariff duties on paper, wood pulp, etc., and the only attention given to these petitions was to shove them into pigeon holes or to throw them into the rubbish heap. And yet the Republican spellbinders tell us their party is opposed to trusts.

A South Carolina man who participated in the altercation between the North and the South, felt a pain in his back a few days ago. He applied a plaster to relieve the pain, and next morning on removing the plaster he found a bullet sticking to it. That's what caused the pain. He was shot in the breast at the battle of Frazier's Creek, June 27th, 1862, but whether the bullet went through or around is not stated.

A BULLDOZE THAT DIDN'T WORK.

The anti-Bryan combines are in this campaign resorting to the same bulldozing methods that they practiced in the campaign four years ago. Then many of them informed the men who were working for them that if Bryan was elected they would be compelled to close up and their workmen would lose their their jobs. They didn't threaten to discharge them if they voted for Bryan, but simply to close up their works. This not only had the effect of deterring many men from voting for Bryan who otherwise would have done so, but spurred others up to working for the defeat of Bryan. This thing was done throughout the country and influenced the votes of thousands of men.

Another trick was the sending out of contracts for lumber, iron and other materials, and for manufactured articles, with the promise attached that in the event of the election of Bryan these orders were to be cancelled. Of course these were simply campaign tricks, but they had their influence on the election.

They are resorting to the same devices now and there is scarcely a day that one or more of these are not noted in the papers. But we were not aware of the fact that they were reaching as far as the South with this game until we saw the following in the Fayetteville *Observer*:

When our Business Manager, Mr. E. J. Hale, Jr., was on his tour in the county last week, Mr. W. H. Britton, of the big lumber firm of Britton & Johnson, showed him some contract orders which he had received from the North, to which was attached the condition that they would be void in case of Bryan's election. Mr. Britton promptly replied to these would be bulldozers that he had pleasure in saying that "you can get no lumber from us, in any event, Bryan elected or Bryan defeated."

This would-be bulldozer struck the wrong man, as the bulldozers, no doubt, frequently do, but the fact that they are turning their attention to the South shows how they have systematized the bulldozing game and how desperate they are becoming.

ON THE PACIFIC SIDE.

The Republican campaign managers have been confidently claiming the Pacific States for McKinley because expansion is more or less popular out there. That's what they say. The general disposition has been to give them those States, but there are indications that they have been counting the chickens before they were hatched, for as the campaign progresses they are discovering that there is more roughness in the road than they looked for. The Oakland *Transcript*, one of the leading Republican papers in the State of California, in its issue of September 22d, thus discourses on the situation and the outlook:

"There is no disguising the fact that the Republicans have a campaign on their hands which will require more than ordinary effort to make the party victorious. The arguments advanced dy the Democrats for a change of administration, the whoop-up against the trusts and the yell of imperialism and the tirade against English influence are all having an effect in bringing votes to the Bryan column. Here in Oakland, the banner Republican county in the State, there has been a big change of opinion from that of four years ago. This change has been quietly effected, and it is not an uncommon thing to hear Republicans of lifelong standing announce their intention to vote for Bryan. Particularly is this the case with voters of foreign birth.

We do not intend to say that the county will go Democratic, but its majority will be greatly lessened unless the Republicans arouse themselves to some form of activity. The writer had reason the other day to visit West Oakland, and it was surprising to note the change of heart on the part of many who in the past had been stanch adherents of McKinley. Imperialism was the reason given by some; trusts and the friendliness of the Administration toward England, by others. These arguments are being used with good effect by Democratic missionaries and if the Republicans do not combat them they will be treated to a surprise of an unexpected kind.

The fact is the Hanna-McKinley combination is having trouble all along the line.

The cheapest mail service in this country and doubtless in the world is between the towns of Mineral Point and Dodgeville, Wisconsin. It is a daily mail, for which the contractor receives one cent a year, which was his bid. He runs a stage line and makes his money off passengers.

Cold Steel or Death.

"There is but one small chance to save your life and that is through an operation," was the awful prospect set before Mrs. I. B. Hunt, of Lime Ridge, Wis., by her doctor after vainly trying to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. He didn't count on the marvelous power of Electric Bitters to cure Stomach and Liver troubles, but she heard of it, took seven bottles, was wholly cured, avoided surgeon's knife, now weighs more and feels better than ever. It's positively guaranteed to cure Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles and never disappoints. Price 50c. at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

DRYING PREPARATIONS simply develop dry catarrh; they dry up the secretions which adhere to the membrane and decompose, causing a far more serious trouble than the ordinary form of catarrh. Avoid all drying inhalants and use that which cleanses, soothes and heals. Ely's Cream Balm is such a remedy, and will cure catarrh or cold in the head easily and pleasantly. All druggists sell it at 50 cents, or it will be mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* The Kind You Have Always Bought

BOOK NOTICES.

The Smart Set for November prints a large, varied and interesting list of contents, prose and poetry. The articles printed in this magazine are bright and piquant, and always interesting. Address the Essess Publishing Company, New York.

The political reader and student of politics and economics will find the October number of *Gunton's Magazine* an interesting and valuable number, presenting a full list of subjects attracting the attention of people in this and other countries. Published by the Gunton Company, New York.

"The Dollar or the Man" is the title of a very unique publication by Small, Maynard & Company, Boston, illustrated, for campaign purposes. Its striking feature is the cartoons, fifty-four, every one of which speaks for itself, from the pencil of that famous cartoonist Homer Davenport, who has done so much to portray Mark Hanna and to familarize the American people with his methods. Nearly all these illustrations first appeared in the New York *Journal* and are published in this book by the courtesy and co-operation of William R. Hearst, proprietor of the *Journal*.

STIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Winston *Sentinel*: Tink West was shot and fatally injured Sunday afternoon by Joseph Fynn, near Pisgah Church, about four miles this side of Kernersville.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: The sad news reaches us from Pender county that Elder J. B. Garris, formerly of this county, died at his home in Pender on September 29th.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Col. John Pemberton died at eleven o'clock this (Wednesday) morning, after a long period of somewhat feeble health, but having been confined to the house only a few weeks.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: The residence of Mr. L. Alphin, who lived out in the Thomson Chapel neighborhood, was destroyed by fire Tuesday evening about 7 o'clock. He saved only a small amount of furniture and clothing from the flames.

— Reidsville *Review*: There are three or four alligators in the Edna cotton mills pond which measure in length from four to eight feet. They may be seen at almost any time. A dog or a cat stands a poor showing around them. The steam pipes running into the pond from the mill make it an ideal home for alligators.

— Wilson *News*: Tuesday afternoon, while the well diggers were at work deepening a well at Mr. J. D. Lee's, who lives in the suburbs of the city, they made a curious find. It was a pine wood knot and was found forty-two feet below the surface, in earth not previously touched. The old well was twenty-nine feet deep and thirteen feet more has been dug, making the well forty-two feet deep. The knot is soft on the outside, and its presence forty two feet down indicates that it must be very, very old.

— Greensboro *Telegram*: The Winston registration cases have been postponed until the second Monday of the next term of Federal Court, which will convene on the first Monday in April. —— When the witnesses against Mr. J. T. Thompson had been called late yesterday afternoon Mr. Cyrus B. Watson, of counsel for the defense, arose and stated that inasmuch as several new counts had been added to the bill of indictment, and on account of the failure to secure several material witnesses, a continuance would be asked for. Mr. Hunter Wall, the other gentleman indicted, was confined to his bed by sickness, and a certificate from his physician was presented, stating that he was unable to attend to any business. In consideration of these facts, Judge Boyd ordered the cases continued.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Whether you call them trusts or not, is it to be expected that the Republican party will attempt to suppress or regulate those corporations which contribute $30,000,000 to its campaign fund? —*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

—— When Senator Foraker was extolling the government of Cuba as something well equipped to take immediate possession of the island, after the expulsion of the Spanish oppressors, he was particularly explicit on the efficiency and comprehensiveness of the patriot postoffice department. According to his speech, the people of Cuba had a better postoffice system than they have had under the direction of the United States. Anyhow, there were no Neeley postofficial scandal.—*Cincinnati Enquirer, Dem.*

— Some days ago Mr. Bryan specifically charged that Representative John A. T. Hull, of Iowa, Chairman of the House Committee on Military Affairs, was also president of a land and lumber company to exploit the Philippine Islands: and the charge has not been denied. Of course, there is no law against Mr. Hull's presidency of such a company; bnt it is a significant fact that as chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs he had been extremely active in favor of the bill to increase the standing army of the United States to 100,000 men. Did Mr. Hull think that in certain contingencies this standing army might be very useful in protecting the interests of his lumber company in the Philippines?—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

A Night of Terror.

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she could not live till morning," writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night. "All thought she must soon die from Pneumonia, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, saying it had more than once saved her life, and had cured her of Consumption. After three small doses she slept easily all night, and its further use completely cured her." This marvelous medicine is guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung Diseases. Only 50c. and $100. Trial bottles 10c. at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw N. C.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* The Kind You Have Always Bought

TWINKLINGS.

— Auntie—"Well, dear, have you had enough tea?" Olive—"Oh, yes; thank you, auntie; much too much."—*Punch*.

— Husband—"How much did you spend to-day?" Wife—"Seventy-six dollars and seventy-six cents." Husband (ironically)—"Was that all?" Wife (with an injured air)—"That was all I had."—*New York Weekly*.

— Of Two Evils—"Ruggles, I am sorry to hear you were burned out the other day. Did you lose all your household goods?" "Yes, but we don't feel so awfully bad over it, Lumpkin. We expected to have to move next week, anyway."—*Chicago Tribnne*.

— The Mendicant—"Beg pardon, sir; but I haven't had anything to eat for a week." The Philanthropist—"Let me congratulate you upon your success in so interesting an experiment. It must be a great saving to you, and I'm sure you're looking well."—*Boston Transcript*.

— The Court—"What is Mr. Bilbil's reputation for truth and veracity?" The Witness—"I should say it is very bad—or it ought to be. It was only yesterday that he told me he fully understood the Chinese situation and has understood it from the first." —*Boston Transcript*.

— New to Him—"Now, Willie," said Mrs. Towne, on the day they moved into their new suburban home, "why don't you go over and play in that big field?" "I guess it ain't very nice there," replied the little city boy, "I don't see any 'Keep Off the Grass signs.'"—*Philadelphia Press*.

— Lady (engaging new housemaid)—"Daphne? That is much too romantic a name, with young men in the house. I suppose you would not object to being called by your surname?" Applicant—"Oh, no, ma'am; in fact, I'm quite used to it." Lady—"What is your surname?" Applicant —"Darling."—*Glasgow Evening Times*.

— "A reprieve! A reprieve!" shouted the jubilant attorney, rushing into the murderer's cell on the eve of his execution. "The Governor has granted you a month's respite." For a moment the condemned man's face lighted up, but then he fell back into his habit of settled pessimism. "It is only a delay," he said, "and I have always been taught that delays are dangerous."—*Philadelphia Press*.

Always a Woman's Fault.

There is nothing on earth that makes one more provoked than the tendency of some persons to lay the blame for every misfortune that occurs to a man on the shoulders of his poor wife, who has no possible means of retaliation, but must just simply bear the odium that does not rightfully rest upon her. There is another phase of this question equally prone to arouse my indignation, and that is when persons assert that no man would dare to speak to a woman on the street unless he received some encouragement from her.

This is all nonsense. I know at least a dozen pretty modest young women who have never even so much as looked at a man they did not know who have been addressed in the most familiar fashion by some well dressed loafer who thought his personal charms so great that he could with ease break down the barriers of conventionality and good breeding and be forgiven by the feminine object of his admiration. That many such have received the punishment they deserved goes without saying, but many more are merely ignored. The girl is too refined to create a scene, and thus when he has received only a silent snub, hardly noticeable by the passersby, he goes on his way to tackle another one who has not encouraged him a whit more than the first, despite all masculine assertions to the contrary.

Men can fail—men do fail—in business without having their failure caused by their wives' extravagance. Men do drink without being driven to it by the coquetrics of their wives with other men or an absence of congeniality in their homes, and men do speak to women on the street without being in the least bit encouraged so to do. They take a chance, and it is a pity that they are let down so easily when that chance is not in their favor. But even if they were caught in the very commission of their act of effrontery they would probably brazen it out and lay the blame on the innocent woman.

Ever since the day when Adam, the coward, wriggled out of the responsibility for his misdoing by saying, "The woman tempted me, and I did eat," men have been inventing lame excuses for their failings and are glad enough to saddle the blame on the opposite sex, though they know in their hearts they are taking refuge in the most palpable subterfuges that deceive very few women at least, whatever they may make men believe on the subject.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Kitchen Economy In France.

There is a saying to the effect that a French family can live in comfort upon what an American family of the same size wastes, and while this is a strong way of putting it there is no doubt that in every American household many things find their way to the slop pail which in France would reappear in the guise of toothsome dishes. For example, I have eaten a delicious soup made from the water in which spinach had been boiled and the bones of a small chicken from which every particle of meat had apparently been removed. Economy is a cardinal virtue in France, and the thrifty housewife saves on everything; not a scrap of meat, of bread or of cold vegetable is thrown away. Dainty rechauffes, crisp croquettes, salads, etc., are all concocted from materials which many an American housewife who regards herself as a model of economy would reject as not worth keeping. Every drop of the water in which either meat or vegetables have been boiled is kept to form the basis of soup, so exquisitely flavored that one forgets to question whether it is nourishing or not, having full evidence of its appetizing qualities. Still, the French as a rule do not season food highly; the result is chiefly accomplished by the judicious use of herbs. They use many of these to which the American cook is a stranger. For instance, the marigold, which is quite as popular in France as either sweet marjoram or summer savory is with New England housewives. No dinner, however simple, is complete without a salad, and it may be fairly said that "every herb bearing seed which is upon the face of the earth" has its place in the French cuisine. They say in England that a French cook will make ten dishes from a nettle top, and certainly dozens of things which we regard as worthless weeds find ready sale in the markets of Paris and a place on French tables.—Mrs. Moses P. Handy in Good Housekeeping.

First Nunnery In America.

The history of religious orders for women on this continent dates back to the day over 200 years ago when Louis Le Grand issued letters patent for the establishment of the first religious house for women in the new world, says the Chicago Times-Herald. The island of Montreal was then but a picturesque outpost of civilization. Day after day and night after night the inhabitants of the little cluster of huts behind the palisades lived in terror of the scalping knives of hostile Mohawks. A rude tent was the only temple of God, a gigantic tree of the forest its steeple.

It was to found a community in this

Two Tongues In One Street.

The most remarkable thing about the town of Nairn is the circumstance that it lies so exactly on the boundary line of the highlands that the Gaelic language is spoken at the one end of the street and the English at the other.

If you do a man a favor and then refuse to do another it will make him twice as angry as if you refused the first.—Chicago News.

The pillars which support the American republic rest upon the family hearthstone.—San Francisco Examiner.

It's Worse For a Woman

To suffer with skin disease than it is for a man, for a smooth skin and a clear complexion are essential elements of female beauty. When the taint of scrofula is in the blood it will be sure to show itself soon or late. Often its manifestations are as repulsive as they are painful. Many people have been cured of scrofula in its most malignant forms by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This remedy is remarkable for its power to purify the blood. It absolutely eliminates the corrupting elements. It makes the blood clean and rich. It increases the action of the blood-making glands, and so increases the quantity of pure blood supplied to the body.

"I will forever thank you for advising me to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery," writes Mrs. Jas. Murphy, of Fonda, Pocahontas Co., Iowa. "It has cured me of chronic scrofula, of twelve years' standing. I had doctored for the trouble until I was completely discouraged. I also had chronic diarrhea for twelve years. I am in good health now—better than I ever was in my life, owing to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took several bottles of the 'Discovery' before I stopped."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a work for every woman, is sent free, on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps (to pay cost of mailing *only*), for paper edition. Cloth-bound, 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute	8⅜	@	8½
Standard		@	8¾
Burlaps	6	@	6½
WESTERN SMOKED			
Hams ℔ lb	12	@	14
Sides ℔ lb		@	9
Shoulders ℔ lb		@	8½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ lb	8¾	@	9
Shoulders ℔ lb		@	8½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 45	@	1 50
Second-hand machine		@	1 50
New New York, each		@	1 45
New City, each		@	1 45
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 75	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ lb	25	@	30
Northern	27	@	28
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	57	@	58
Virginia Meal	57	@	58
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 40
CANDLES—℔ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ lb—			
Northern Factory	12	@	13
Dairy Cream	13½	@	14
State	11½	@	12
COFFEE—℔ lb—			
Laguyra	13	@	16
Rio	11	@	12½
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 lbs		@	70
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	4 00	@	4 25
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ lb—			
Low grade	3 00	@	3 25
Choice		@	4 00
Straight		@	4 00
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ lb	10½	@	11½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	60
Mixed Corn		@	58
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	59
Oats, from store	33	@	36
Oats, Rust Proof		@	40
Cow Peas		@	1 00
HIDES—℔ lb—			
Green salted		@	5
Dry flint	7	@	8
Dry salt	6	@	7½
HAY ℔ 100 lbs			
No 1 Timothy		@	1 00
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	90	@	1 00
Western	90	@	1 00
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	3	@	3½
LARD, ℔ lb—			
Northern	7¾	@	9
North Carolina	8	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 20
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	28	@	32½
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	2 40
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	14 75
Rump		@	14 25
Prime		@	14 25
ROPE, ℔ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 25
Liverpool	90	@	95
American	85	@	90
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	60
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Gran'd		@	6⅝
Standard A		@	6½
White Extra C		@	5⅞
Extra C, Golden		@	5½
C Yellow		@	5½
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3¾	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	8 00	@	9 00
Common mill	4 00	@	5 00
Fair mill	5 00	@	6 00
Prime mill	6 50	@	7 50
Extra mill	8 00	@	9 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	4 25	@	5 00
" Sap	3 00	@	3 25
5x20 Heart	2 25	@	2 50
" Sap	1 60	@	1 75
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon Northern	1 00	@	2 10

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 12, 1900.

SCHOONERS.

Eva A Danenhower, 212 tons, Johnson, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Emma Knowlton, 309 tons, Hutchinson, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Mecosta, 242 tons, Strout, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Massachusetts, 501 tons, Jones, George Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Daleby, (Br) 2,353 tons, Lewis, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Buckminster, (Br), 1,297 tons, Brown, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Kassala, (Br), 2,498 tons, Lemond, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Velleda, (Br) 1,648 tons, Tullock, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Dowgate, (Br), 1,869 tons, Cheshire, J H Sloan.
Oscar II, (Nor) 1,999 tons, Olsen, J H Sloan.

BARQUES.

Brodrene, (Nor) 631 tons, Thiis, Heide & Co.
Vardoen, (Nor), 649 tons, Jensen, Heide & Co.

BRIGS.

Gabrielle, 416 tons, Johnson, George Harriss, Son & Co.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency will sell for cash, or will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington, a farm of 272 acres, three miles from Rose Hill. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N.C. †

DUCRO'S
Alimentary
ELIXIR
Is highly recommended as a remedy for lung diseases and as a preventive for typhoid, malarial and all kinds of fevers
Agents, E. Fougera & Co., New York

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, October 11.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 38¼ cents per gallon for machine made casks and 38 cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1.15 per barrel for strained and $1.20 for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.40 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.30 per barrel for hard, $2.30 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm at 50¼@49¾c; rosin firm at 95@$1.00; tar firm at $1.30; crude turpentine firm at $1.50 @$2.80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	64
Rosin	405
Tar	141
Crude turpentine	69

Receipts same day last year.—97 casks spirits turpentine, 366 bbls rosin, 151 bbls tar, 89 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market quiet on a basis of 10¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	7 13-16	cts ℔ lb
Good ordinary	9 3-16	" "
Low middling	9 13-16	" "
Middling	10¼	" "
Good middling	10 9-16	" "

Same day last year middling firm at 7½c.

Receipts—726 bales; same day last year, 876.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 80c. Virginia—Prime 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c.

CORN—Firm, 58 to 60 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tidewater) 85 cents; upland, 50@60 cents. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 12 to 13c per pound; shoulders, 9 to 10c; sides, 7 to 9c.

EGGS—Firm at 16½@17 cents per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 25@30 cents; springs, 10@20 cents.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25 cents.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½ cents per pound.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—Money on call firmer at 1¾@3½ per cent., the last loan being at 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5@6 per cent. Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 483⅜ for demand and 479⅞ for 60 days. Posted rates 481@481½ and 485@485½. Commercial bills 479¼@479¾. Silver certificates 63¾@64¾. Bar silver 63¾. Mexican dollars 50¼. Government bonds weak. State bonds weak. Railroad bonds irregular. U.S. refunding 2's reg'd, 103¼; U.S. refunding 2's, coupon, 103¾; U. S. 2's, reg'd,—; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 108¾; do. coupon, 109⅜; U. S. new 4's, reg'd, 133¾; do. coupon, 133¾; U. S. 4's, old reg'd 114½; do. coupon, 114½; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 113¼; do. coupon, 113¼; Southern Railway 5's 109. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 69¾c; Chesapeake & Ohio 27¾; Manhattan L 91¾; N. Y. Central 128¼; Reading 15¾; do. 1st pref'd 54⅞; St. Paul, 111⅜; do. pref'd 169¾; Southern Railway 11⅜; pref'd 52¼; American Tobacco, 89⅞; do. pref'd 129; People's Gas 85⅜; Sugar 115⅞; do. pref'd 116; T. C. & Iron 55⅜; U. S. Leather 9⅞; do. preferred 68¼; Western Union 78.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—Rosin firm. Spirits turpentine firm at 42@42½c.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 11.—Spirits turpentine firm at 37½. Rosin steady and unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 11.—Spirits turpentine firm at 38¼@38½c; sales 1,003 casks; receipts 1,345 casks; exports 7,605 casks. Rosin firm; sales 1,891 barrels; receipts 3,234 barrels; exports 1,403 barrels. Quote: W W, $2 75; W G, $3 40; N, $3 15: M $1 85.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 11.—Much activity prevailed on the Cotton Exchange to day. The Liverpool advices showed that the English cotton trade was even more surprised by yesterday's bureau report than was the cotton trade of this country, the Liverpool decline being 12 and 15-64d; or the equivalent of twenty points more than the decline in the American markets yesterday. Trading here this morning, started at a decline of five to fifteen points, but the market immediately became very strong and enormously active prices advancing fourteen to twenty two points from the lowest, the trade being influenced by estimates pointing to a heavy movement of the crop the remainder of the week, also by the forecasts of cold rains over the bulk of the cotton belt, an increased demand for spot cotton in the South for export, as well as for home consumption (although at lower prices) and by more encouraging news from the cotton goods markets of this country. Later the market became less active in view of recent tremendous clearances with Southern markets finally showing an inclination to yield. The trade was nervous up to the very close of business with the market finally very steady at a net advance of three to eight points.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 10 11-13c.

Cotton futures closed very steady; October 10.18, November 9.89, December 9.81, January 9.79, February 9.79, March 9.80, April 9.79, May 9.79, June 9.78, July 9.76, August 9.56.

Spot cotton closed quiet at ⅛c decline; middling uplands 10 11-16c; middling gulf 10 15-16c; sales 188 bales.

Net receipts 210 bales; gross receipts 3,632 bales; stock 37,375 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 54,818 bales; exports to Great Britain 38,652 bales; exports to France 4,300 bales; exports to the Continent 12,366 bales; stock 487,179 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 278,061 bales; exports to Great Britain 172,640 bales; exports to France 12,700 bales; exports to the Continent 84,733 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 1,155,502 bales; exports to Great Britain 365,237 bales; exports to France 63,057 bales; exports to the Continent 246,085 bales.

October 11.—Galveston, quiet at 10c, net receipts 10,753 bales; Norfolk, quiet at 10c, net receipts 3,063 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 10⅝c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 10 13-16c, net receipts 1,553 bales; Wilmington, firm at 10¼c, net receipts 726 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 10 15-16c, net receipts 604 bales; Savannah, weak at 10c, net receipts 10,421 bales; New Orleans, easy at 9 15 16c, net receipts 19,179 bales; Mobile, easy at 10c, net receipts 433 bales; Memphis, steady at 10⅛c, net receipts 3,633 bales; Augusta, quiet at 9⅞c, net receipts 2,013 bales; Charleston, [illegible] 9⅞c, net receipts 1,509 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—Flour was barely steady and lower to sell, without noteworthy demand. Wheat—Spot weak; No. 2 red 80c. Options opened steady and for a time were firm on better cables than expected, light speculative offerings and heavy seaboard clearance. In the afternoon, however, liquidation again broke out, inspired by bearish Argentine cables, and the close was weak at ⅜@½c net decline; March closed 84c; May closed 83⅝c; October closed 78⅝c; December closed 80⅝c. Corn—Spot weak; No. 2 47½c. Options opened firmer on the bullish government report and steady cables, but later succumbed to prospective liberal receipts, fine weather and the drop in wheat. Closed easy at a partial ⅛c net decline. May closed 41¼c; October closed 46c; December closed 42c. Oats—Spot easy; No. 2 25¼c. Options nominally easier. Lard easy; Western steam $7 55@7 65; refined easier. Tallow dull; city, ($2 per package) 4¾c; country (package free) 4¾@5c. Pork quiet. Butter strong; Western creamery 16@21c; State dairy 15@20c. Cheese steady; large white 10¾; small white 11c. Petroleum quiet. Eggs strong; State and Pennsylvania 20@21c at mark, for average lots; Western regular packing 15@18½c. Potatoes quiet; Jerseys $1 00@1 50; New York $1 50@2 62½; Long Island $1 50@1 75; Jersey sweets $2 25@2 75. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 45c. Cabbage quiet; Long Island, per 100, $1 50@2 25. Peanuts were steady; fancy hand-picked 4@4¼c; other domestics 2½@4c. Rice firm. Cotton seed oil was steady, owing to light supplies, but was rather in poor demand, with prices unchanged. Prime crude, in barrels, nominal; prime summer yellow 37c, prompt; off summer yellow 36@36½c; prime winter yellow 41@42c; prime white 40c; prime meal $26 00. Coffee—Spot Rio dull; mild quiet. Sugar—Raw steady; refined steady.

CHICAGO, October 11.—The strength which wheat exhibited early to day influenced considerably by the reopening of mills at Minneapolis, was lost later, December closing 3 8c under yesterday. Corn closed 1 8 to 1-4c higher and oats 1-4c lower; provisions closed but little changed.

CHICAGO, Oct. 11.—Cash quotations: Flour—Market steady. Wheat—No. 2 spring —; No. 3 spring 71½@76¾c; No. 2 red 77c. Corn—No. 2, 41¼c. Oats—No. 2 22¼c; No. 2 white 25@25½c; No. 3 white 23¼@25½c. Pork, per barrel $15 00@15 50. Lard, per 100 lbs, $7 25@7 30. Short rib sides, loose, $7 90@8 10. Dry salted shoulders, $6 25@6 37½. Short clear sides, boxed $8 30@8 40. Whiskey—Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1 27.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No.2 October 75¼, 75⅜, 74⅜, 74⅝c; November 75½@76, 76⅛@76¼, 75¼, 75⅜; December 76⅛, 76¼, 76⅞, 75⅞, 76@76c. Corn—October 40¾, 41⅛, 40⅛, 40⅝c; November 37½@37⅝, 37¼@37¼, 37⅛, 37⅛; December 34⅞@35, 35@35⅛, 34¾, 34⅞. Oats—October 21⅜, 21⅜, 21⅜@21½, 21⅜@21½c; November 21⅞, 21⅞, 21¾, 21¾c; December 22⅛@22¼, 22¼, 22, 22⅛. Pork, per bbl—October $16 00, 16 00, 16 00, 16 00; November $11 35, 11 35, 11 32½, 11 32½; January $11 60, 11 65, 11 00, 11 50. Lard, per 100 lbs—October $7 20, 7 20, 7 20, 7 20; November $7 15, 7 25, 7 12½, 7 12½; January $6 77½, 6 87½, 6 82½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—October $7 82½, 7 87½, 7 80, 7 80; November $7 00, 7 05, 6 92½, 6 92½; January $6 [illegible] 22½, 6 15, 6 15.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, October 11, 4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot, moderate business; prices easier; American middling fair, 6 17-32d; good middling 6 3-16d; middling 6⅛d; low middling 5 15-16d; good ordinary 5⅝d; ordinary 5d. The sales of the day were 6,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and including 5,200 bales American. Receipts 5,000 bales, including 4,800 bales American.

Futures opened steady and closed steady; American middling (l. m. c.) October 5 40 64@5 41-64d seller; October and November 5 29 64@5 30-64d buyer; November and December 5 24-64@5 25 64d buyer; December and January 5 21-64@5 22 64d buyer; January and February 5 19 64d value; February and March 5 17-64d seller; March and April 5 15-64d seller; April and May 5 13-64@5 14 64d buyer; May and June 5 24-64d buyer; June and July 5 10-64@5 11-64d buyer; July and August 5 9-64d seller; August and September 5 3-64d seller.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Br steamship Daleby, 2,353 tons, Lewis, Civitavecchia, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Br steamship Buckminster, 1,297 tons, Brown, Bangor, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

CLEARED.

Stmr Seabright, Price, Shallotte, Stone, Rourk & Co.

Stmr Compton, Sanders, Calabash and Little River, S C, Stone, Rourk & Co.

Clyde steamship Saginaw, Hale, Georgetown, S C, H G Smallbones.

Stmr E A Hawes, Robinson, Clear Run, James Madden.

Br steamship Bellerby, Finney, Bremen, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

EXPORTS.

FOREIGN.

BREMEN—Br steamship Bellerby—10,000 bales cotton, 4,951,999 pounds, valued at $545,000; cargo and vessel by Alexander Sprunt & Son.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—31 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 3 barrels rosin, 9 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—1 cask spirits turpentine, 13 barrels rosin, 41 barrels tar, 10 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—281 bales cotton, 14 casks spirits turpentine, 104 barrels rosin, 40 barrels tar.

C. C. Railroad—355 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 35 barrels rosin.

Steamer W. T. Daggett—6 casks spirits turpentine, 60 barrels rosin, 9 barrels tar, 21 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer A. J. Johnson—59 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine, 50 barrels rosin, 51 barrels tar, 5 barrels crude turpentine.

C. Larkins' flat—4 casks spirits turpentine, 30 barrels rosin.

Marshburn's flat—22 casks spirits turpentine, 110 barrels rosin, 24 casks crude turpentine.

Totals—Cotton, 726 bales; spirits turpentine, 64 casks; rosin, 405 barrels; tar, 11 barrels; crude turpentine, 69 barrels.

D. O'CONNOR.
Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

JOB PRINTING.

JOB PRINTING

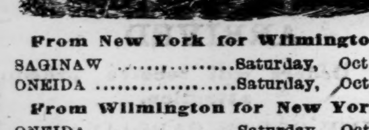
BOOK BINDING AND RULING.

THE STAR JOB PRINTING OFFICE, BOOK BINDERY AND RULING ROOMS ARE COMPLETE IN THEIR APPOINTMENTS.

EVERY VARIETY OF PRINTING, RULING AND BINDING DONE NEATLY, EXPEDITIOUSLY & CHEAPLY.

WM. H. BERNARD,
Proprietor.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

The Clyde Steamship Co. New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



From New York for Wilmington.
SAGINAW ....Saturday, Oct. 6
ONEIDA ....Saturday, Oct. 13

From Wilmington for New York.
ONEIDA ....Saturday, Oct. 6
SAGINAW ....Saturday, Oct. 13

From Wilmington for Georgetown.
SAGINAW ....Tuesday, Oct. 9
ONEIDA ....Tuesday, Oct. 16

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, General Manager, 19 State street, New York.

oct 6 tf

1831 *Seventieth Year.* 1900

THE
Country Gentleman,

The ONLY Agricultural NEWSpaper
AND ADMITTEDLY THE
Leading Agricultural Journal of the World

Every department written by specialists, the highest authorities in their respective lines.
No other paper pretends to compete with it in qualifications of editorial staff.
Gives the agricultural News with a degree of fullness and completeness not even attempted by others.

Best Reviews of the Crops.
Best Market Reports.
Best Accounts of Meetings.
Best Everything.

INDISPENSABLE TO
All Country Residents
WHO WISH TO
KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES

Single Subscription, $2;
Two Subscriptions, &3.50;
Four Subscriptions, $6

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO RAISERS OF LARGER CLUBS.
Write for Particulars on this Point.
Club Agents Wanted Everywhere.

Four Months' Trial Trip 50 cents.

SPECIMEN COPIES
will be mailed free on request. It will pay any body interested in any way in country life to send for them. Address the publishers:

LUTHER TUCKER & SON,
Albany, N. Y.

University of North Carolina.

The Head of the State's Educational System.

Three academic courses leading to Degrees. Professional courses in Law, Medicine and Pharmacy. Summer School for Teachers.

Tuition $60. Scholarships and Loans to Needy. Free Tuition to Candidates for Ministry, Minister's Sons and Teachers.

512 students besides 161 in Summer School, 38 teachers in faculty.
For catalogues and information address
F. P. VENABLE, President, Chapel Hill, N. C.

jy 3 1w

—[illegible] McQueen went North last night.

—Mr. John L. James, of Duplin county, was here yesterday.

—Mr. W. D. McMillan, Jr., left last night for Richmond.

—Miss Mary Yarborough returned last night from Mount Olive.

—Miss Fannie W. VanAmringe returned last evening from New York.

—Miss Octavia Boatwright returned yesterday, after a pleasant visit to relatives and friends in Portsmouth.

—Mr. John Freeman returned on the steamer *Compton* yesterday from a business trip in Brunswick and Horry counties.

—Mr. D. J. Butler, of Little River, S. C., was a passenger on the steamer *Compton* which arrived yesterday afternoon.

—The numerous friends of Mrs. A. M. Waddell will be pleased to learn that advices from Baltimore yesterday stated that she was much better and improving.

GROCERIES.

CLOSE PRICES,
BEST QUALITY,
PROMPT SHIPMENTS.

Send us your orders.

D. McEACHERN,
Wholesale Grocer.
204 and 206 North Water street.

feb 11 tf

THE GROCERY TRADE

Will find our stocks and prices interesting. Correspondence solicited.

TRUCKERS.

We have Fine Ground Fish Scrap and High Grade Guanos for Lettuce Beds and all crops. See us before buying.

HALL & PEARSALL,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
au 22 tf Nutt and Mulberry streets.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency

Offers best facilities for handling Desirable Real Estate. Special attention to City Property, Timbered Lands and desirable Farms. We have arrangements for the sale of a few large tracts of Land for farming purposes, consisting of from 3,000 to 5,000 acres. This property is wanted on a railroad. Send us a list of the property you have for sale.
For terms, &c., address
R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.

apr 22 tf

PHENIX SUMMER BEDROOM.

Arizona Contrivance to Increase Possibility of Getting Some Sleep.

The cottonwoods have shed their caterpillars, there has been a thunderstorm, mesquite wood has fallen in price, Indians are selling bows and arrows, the rose and the oleander have long put out, oranges are in bloom, the umbrella tree is putting out its leaves, last summer's suit has been cleaned and dressed, the small boy has gone swimming in the canal, the wise man stays up nights and steals irrigation water from his neighbors, alfalfa is most ready to cut, strawberries have been shipped, mulberries are nearly ripe, summer will soon be here and the Phenix summer bedroom will soon be a necessity.

Phenix sleeps out of doors in the summer, and the bedroom is born of that necessity. It is on stilts, is built of wire screen of fine mesh, for the Phenix mosquito is microscopic in size. It is furnished, according to the taste of the occupants, with interior curtains to keep out the morning sun, the gaze of the curious and the sandstorm.

The bed is a cot of canvas or woven wire, covered perhaps with a sheet, but even a sheet feels like a feather bed on a Phenix summer night. The bed covering is the roof of the bedroom.

Phenix is proud of its climate during eight months of the year, but it doesn't talk much in public about its midsummer. It is a right warm day when the government weather bureau doesn't know what the sun temperature is and is unable to determine it, and that is how hot it gets in Phenix. I called on Observer Burns one day last July and asked him what the "official" temperature was in the sun. He said he did not know and that the government couldn't afford to experiment to that end. He said he had attempted to catch the sun temperature during the summer of 1898 and had broken a $3 thermometer in the attempt. To please my curiosity he hung a thermometer in the sun, watched it until it registered 136 degrees and then took it in, fearing it would break.

The dryness of the atmosphere relieves this great heat of any terrors to all living things except women and cats. There is a saying in Phenix that in summer women and cats are nervously prostrated, while men and dogs thrive and grow fat. There is a luxury in quenching one's thirst during the summer heat that is possible nowhere this side of the hereafter, and nothing will quench it so well as olla water. The average mortal can drink a gallon of water per day during the heated time, and apparently every drop of it comes through the pores of the skin.—Arizona Graphic.

Arsenic In the Human System.

The exact effect of arsenic on the complexion I have never seen satisfactorily explained, but Dr. Armand Gautier, professor of chemistry to the faculty of medicine at Paris, has lately communicated to the Academie that he has found this metal in perfectly appreciable quantities in the skin and hair of persons who have not taken it either internally or as a cosmetic, and he explains its presence as due to the gland in the neck known as the thyroid. How the thyroid gland contrives to attract arsenic from the atmosphere—for it is not to be supposed that the human body is alchemist enough to manufacture a metal—remains to be seen, but it is strange how there seems to be a sort of connection between metals of a particular group and the organs of respiration.

Arsenic is well known to be eaten in large quantities by the Styrian and Dalmatian peasants—from whom indeed the perfumers of the seventeenth century may have learned the secret of its preparation—to enable their lungs to support the rarefied air of the mountains, and now we hear of vanadium, an excessively rare metal, of somewhat similar properties, as being a sovereign remedy for consumption. Dr. Laran, who has studied the subject experimentally, holds that it has a similar effect on the blood to iron, to which, however, it is vastly superior. In large doses it acts as an irritant poison.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Walked Into the Arms of Death.

The London Graphic says that the queen's action in bestowing upon Lady Roberts the Victoria cross which was awarded to her ill fated son, although of rare occurrence, is not altogether unique.

The first case in which the much coveted distinction was conferred upon a deceased soldier was during the Indian mutiny, when the fuse attached to some powder bags placed at the gate of one of the enemy's forts proving ineffectual an officer coolly held his lighted cigar to the explosive and, with the gate, was blown to atoms.

Another posthumous bestowal was that conferred upon Lieutenants Melvill and Coghill, whose heroic behavior with the colors at Isandhlwana is still fresh in the memory.

Artichoke Culture.

The division of botany of the department of agriculture has issued circulars to stimulate interest in artichoke raising. Artichokes are now raised in comparatively small quantities in Florida and Louisiana, and the early varieties, which appear in February, bring about $2 a dozen in the New Orleans markets. In April they sell for 15 or 20 cents a dozen in the southern cities, but always command much higher prices in northern markets.

The Result of Too Much Pathos.

"One day," says Jean Francois Raffaelli, "Daudet was arguing a point that on the stage it is a mistake to insist too strongly on any one form of sentiment, whatever it may be. 'Listen,' said he. 'I recall a little incident which may serve to illustrate my meaning: A woman dressed in black one day entered an omnibus in which I happened to be. She was in deep mourning, and her countenance was so worn, so contracted, so furrowed with grief, that her neighbor could not refrain from asking what terrible sorrow it could be that had thus left its marks upon her.

"'Whereupon the woman, amid the sympathetic attention of all the little world in the omnibus, including the conductor, who did nothing but blow his nose so as to hide his tears, told how she had lost first one child and within a very few days another. Every one pitied her greatly, but when she proceeded with many tears to tell of the death of a third child her hearers were somewhat less moved, and finally, when she launched into a long account of the loss of a fourth—devoured by a crocodile on the banks of the Nile—every one in the omnibus burst out laughing.'"—New Lippincott.

Essential Facts.

"I called in," said the puffy little man, "to say that your story about the fire next door to me yesterday was all wrong."

"All wrong?" asked the editor.

"Yes, sir! Why, hang it, sir, I spell my name with two s's, and I make soap, not shoe blacking."—Philadelphia North American.

The Arabs show their friendliness when meeting by shaking hands six or eight times. Arabs of distinction go beyond this; they embrace each other several times.

FAST SPEED IN A FOG.

Strain on the Nerves of Engineers of Express Trains.

A railroad engineer, referring to a published story of the strain upon the nerves of pilots of Long Island sound steamers in dense fogs, said to a reporter: "I just wish you would say for the engineers: They don't have a very easy time in such weather."

And then he went on to tell how on foggy nights the engineers of the fast trains, and, for that matter, the slow ones, endured a strain that would sicken many a man. They sit on the hard little perch provided for them, rushing along, often at a pace of 50 miles an hour or more. Under them the huge mass of iron and steel trembles and throbs, as nervous as a woman and twice as skittish.

It is impossible to see ten feet ahead of the engine, and the signal lights, be they red or white, are only visible as they are passed by. A misplaced switch would mean a disaster horrible to contemplate. These men know all this, and still they are obliged to sit there with a hand on the throttle, ready at any minute to shut off steam and stop the enormous bulk of plunging metal.

"I have been running on fast trains now for ten years," said the engineer in winding up his story, "and every time I get on my engine to take my train I say to myself that it will be for the last time, but somehow I always come again. It is not the danger which attracts me, for I know too well the results of a slip or a mistake, but somehow or other I cannot give it up. When I get old, I will be put to running some freight train and then will probably die in a smashup, after having taken one of the fastest trains in the country over 125 miles of track day in and day out. Still, I cannot give it up."

And that is the tale that all of them tell. They all say that it is not the danger which fascinates them, but they cling to the life which wears a man out in a comparatively few years and ages him before his time.—New London Telegraph.

Military Slang.

Strictly speaking, a "shavetail" is a "giffin" or "coyote" or "rooster," but frequently is called a "piebiter" and perhaps is known even more widely as a "ringtailed snorter." All these are terms of reproach addressed to the "rookie," or military recruit, in the United States.

In the armies of the British empire the recruit is known by all these names and worse. "Your tail's not cut." "Your number's not dry." That is cavalry slang also addressed to the recruit. If he talks too much, he is a "yapper;" if he boasts, he is a "yahoo;" if he giggles, he is a "tee-hee;" if he is a toady, he is a "peehee;" if he is fat, he is a "brock barrel," "broche" or "brok." Anyway, he is reviled and kicked around until he learns the whole slang dictionary and is a soldier. "Clink" is the guardroom," "scoff" means to eat, "tack" is food or anything you can lay hold of, "scabby" is porter, "white tack" is ale, "black tack" is stout, "fixed bayonets" is French brandy, and "razors" is bad whisky.—New York Press.

Growth of Human Hair.

Authorities differ as to the rate of growth of the human hair, and it is said to be very dissimilar in different individuals. The most usually accepted calculation gives 6½ inches per annum. A man's hair, allowed to grow to its extreme length, rarely exceeds 12 or 14 inches, while that of a woman will grow in rare instances to 70 or 75 inches, though the average does not exceed 25 to 30 inches.

Fruit Jars, Fruit Jars.

Let Us Have Your Orders.

[illegible] are out of Half Gallon Jars, but will furnish you with

Mason's Quart Jars At Reduced Prices.

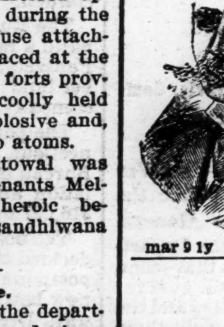
We extend an invitation to call and inspect our Fall line of

Dinner and Tea Sets, Chamber Sets, Lamps, &c.,

In all grades and quality of ware.
We carry the best Lead Flint Lamp Chimneys made. TRY THEM.

O. P. Cazaux & Co.

au 28 tf



To Repair Broken Articles use
Major's Cement
Remember MAJOR'S RUBBER CEMENT, MAJOR'S LEATHER CEMENT.

mar 9 1y D&W

NOTICE.

PARTITION SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court made in a special proceeding wherein E. J. Pollard is plaintiff and Alexander Rasberry and wife, May Rasberry, are defendants, I will at 12 o'clock M., on Monday, the 22th day of October, 1900, sell at public auction, for cash, at the court house door in the county of New Hanover, the lot of land and premises bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Anderson street sixty-six (66) feet north of the northern line of Rankin street, and running thence eastwardly parallel with Rankin street eighty-two (82) feet and six (6) inches; thence northwardly parallel with Anderson street sixty-six (66) feet; thence westwardly parallel with Rankin street eighty-two (82) feet and six (6) inches to Anderson street, and thence southwardly with the said eastern line of Anderson street sixty-six (66) feet to the beginning; the same being the western part of lot 4 in block 240, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington.

Dated and posted this the 20th day of September, 1900.
HERBERT McCLAMMY,
Commissioner.

sep 21 4t fr

When You Send a Prescription

to my drug store, it has my personal attention; there is no one else to put it up but me.

JAMES D. NUTT,
The Druggist.

sep 16 tf

FOR RENT.

OFFICE OVER ZOELLER'S JEWELRY STORE. SIZE 20 X 60.

ALSO, STORE 110 NORTH WATER STREET.

Immediate possession given.
Apply to
SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.

sep 8 tf

The Barber Shop.

It makes no difference whether the weather is hot or cold. You need a nice, clean, easy shave all the same.
We cut hair, too,
As well as shampoo.
GUION & DAVIS,
7 South Front street.
P. S.—Brush the gentleman cap a pie.

au 26 tf

Besides

Just having moved two immense stocks of goods into

Our new store,

our Mr. Gaylord has gone to the Northern markets to buy others—to lay in a supply of the NEWEST STYLES and to replenish lines that we are low on. We are looking out for your wants. We are going to do the business of this section of the country. We have gotten everything pretty well straightened out now and are hustling out Bargains.

Millinery of all Kinds

All the new Hats of the season. Ribbons, Velvets, Plumes, Tips and Feathers, Corsets, Ladies' Knit Underwear, Muslin Underwear of all grades. Caps in cloth and plush. Jackets and Furs. Men's Hats. This floor is 50x125 and finished up to date. On my third floor we will carry our Wholesale Department; also Matting, Rugs, Carpets, Trunks and Valises. We want to close out our Matting, of which we have about 50 rolls left, AT COST, and will sell our remnants from 10c per yard to 20c; whole rolls at cost, sold at 18c, now 12½c per yard. The stock of Matting is now broken and we want to buy a new stock altogether next week. We also have about 40 rolls of Carpet. We will sell you good Brussels Carpet at 37½c per yard, sold at 50 and 60c. Trunks of all kinds. Ingrain Carpet at 22 to 48c per yard. We have a nice stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing and we want to push them out. We are selling them low. We have a large store filled with goods to the ceiling, three floors, attic and basement, making 19,200 square feet of floor room, and we want your trade. Our brother, W. H. Gaylord, and his force has come with us now, and I do respectfully ask all of their customers to come and see them. We have nice Fruit of the Loom Bleaching, 1 yard wide, at 7c per yard. Masonville Bleaching at 7c per yard, 10 yards to each customer. Sea Island Homespun at 5c per yard. The best A. C. A. Bed Feather Proof Ticking at 10c per yard.

GEO. O. GAYLORD,

PROPRIETOR.
208 and 210 North Front street, opposite S. A. L. office

oct 7 tf

Don't Impose On Your FEET

by putting them into ill-fitting Shoes, when you can come to French's and get the prettiest styles, nicest goods, at lowest prices.

Our School Shoes Sale

is still on in full force, and we take pleasure in pleasing you.

GEORGE R. FRENCH & SONS.

oct 7 tf

The Good Housekeepers will have the Buck

Porcelain lined oven Cook Stoves, and no use to talk any others to them. You just can't argue a good sensible woman against them.
Our Hammer Brand Paint is the best that can be made and twenty-five to fifty cents per gallon cheaper than any other on the market.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

oct 6 tf

ENUF SED.

We will have on sale more of those Mahogany and Oak Rockers.

PRICE ONLY **$2.10** WORTH $3.50.

RUGS—Best Armenia, 30x60, $1.75. Best Armenia, 36x72, $2.50, and the best stock of Furniture ever exhibited in Wilmington. When you want Furniture come to headquarters. IRON BEDS, $3.00 to $3.50.

FOR SALE—Fine combination horse, good saddler and driver.

THE SNEED COMPANY,
Second and Market Streets.

sep 30 tf

PRUDENT ADVERTISERS SHOULD NOTE THESE FACTS.

THE MORNING STAR

—IS THE—

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

AND NEVER SINCE ITS FIRST ISSUE HAS THERE BEEN ANY CHANGE OF NAME, PROPRIETORSHIP OR EDITORIAL MANAGEMENT.

IT GUARANTEES A MUCH LARGER REGULAR, BONA FIDE CIRCULATION THAN ANY OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN WILMINGTON. This claim has never been challenged by any competing newspaper.

For rates and sample copies, address

WM. H. BERNARD,
Editor and Proprietor,
Wilmington, N. C.

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Standing Timber.
For sale, the timber on a tract of land near Bannermann's Bridge, North-East river, on tidewater. Over One Million feet of fine Cypress timber on this land.

Timbered Lands.
Two Hundred and Twenty-six acres on Roan's Island on Cape Fear river. Some valuable Cypress and Gum timber.

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.
One 80-acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.
A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse.
Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres
in Long Creek village, Pender county—25 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land
in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 20 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.
One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land
One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.
Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.
One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres. All set out in strawberries except garden and yard.
A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting railroad, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.
A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm.
Containing 265 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.
A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.
A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington.

Farm Near Ashton.
One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. Two tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,
R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.

je 7

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

FLORIDA WEST SAL INDIA SHORT LINE

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect June 3rd, 1900.

TRAIN 41 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:14 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Hamlet 7:05 P. M., Wadesboro 8:20 P. M., Monroe 9:20 P. M., Charlotte 10:20 P. M., Athens, Ga., 3:43 A. M., Atlanta 6:05 A. M.

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points. Connects at Hamlet with train No. 27 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and other Florida points; also with train 44 for Raleigh, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore and New York. Other trains leave Hamlet as follows: Train No. 31 (Florida Limited) for Columbia and points South at 6:50 A. M. Train No. 403 for Monroe, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Shelby and Rutherfordton, Athens, Atlanta and all points southwest at 6:50 A. M. Train No. 38 for Raleigh, Norfolk and points North at 9:05 A. M. Train No. 66 for Raleigh, Richmond and points North at 9:20 A. M.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

TRAIN 38 Leaves Hamlet at 8:20 A. M., arrives Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon. This train takes passengers at Hamlet from train No. 31 (Florida Limited) leaving Richmond at 10:40 P. M. and arriving at Hamlet at 6:45 A. M.; from train No. 403 leaving Norfolk at 9:30 P. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:10 A. M.; from train No. 38 leaving Atlanta at 9:00 P. M. and Charlotte at 5:45 A. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:45 A. M.

Other trains arrive at Hamlet as follows: Train 402 from Atlanta, Rutherfordton, Shelby, Lincolnton, Charlotte and Monroe at 9:00 P. M.; train No. 41 from Portsmouth at 7:10 P. M.; train No. 27 from Richmond and points North at 10.27 P. M.; train No. 44 from Columbia and points South at 8.55 P. M., and train No. 66 from Columbia and points South at 9 00 A. M.

For tickets, sleepers, etc., apply to Thos. D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E. ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Mang'r.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. je 7 tf

Truckers' Paradise

At Chadbourn, N. C.

The undersigned offers for sale parcels of land, from Town Lots to Farms, from three to twenty-six hundred acres. SIZES AND PRICES TO SUIT any and everybody. If you want to Truck come to Chadbourn, where we have the

Best of every kind of soil.

78 acres land two miles from Chadbourn. 20 acres cleared; new house; good well; barns; berry sheds; 5 acres strawberries; clay sub-soil. Price $1,200.00.

If interested at this station, call on or address
E. A. PERRY,
Chadbourn, N. C.

my 18 tf

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Schedule in Effect July 22, 1900.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.10 A. M., Warsaw 11.24 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.48 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.33 P. M., Petersburg 6.26 P. M., Richmond 7.25 P. M., Norfolk 5.5[illegible] P. M., Washington 11.20 P. M., Baltimore 1.03 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.0[illegible] P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.3[illegible] P. M., Warsaw 8.45 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 6.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.15 P. M., Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.37 A. M., Richmond 3.23 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.20 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M., New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.44 P. M., Chadbourn 5.25 P. M., Marion 6.20 P. M., Florence 7.10 P. M., Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 5.55 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.25 P. M., Charleston 10.55 P. M., Savannah 1.5[illegible] A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 10.40 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M. No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.22 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.0[illegible] P. M., New York *9.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.20 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.06 A. M., Petersburg 9.48 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M., Rocky Mount 12.55 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.30 P. M., Warsaw 4.22 P. M., Magnolia 4.35 P. M.

DAILY 9.20 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.00 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M., Washington 3.07 P. M., Richmond 6.50 P. M., Petersburg 7.33 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.05 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.25 A. M., Leave Wilson 5.57 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.28 A. M., Magnolia 7.51 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.20 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.[illegible] A. M., Sanford 12.05 P. M., Jacksonville 8.30 P. M., Savannah 2.10 A. M., Charleston 6.48 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.24 P. M., Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.05 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.29 A. M., Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.08 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 6.40 A. M. No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 2.30 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 3.41 P. M., leave Fayetteville 3.46 P. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.05 A. M., Maxton 9.10 A. M., Red Springs 9.46 A. M., Hope Mills 10.32 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount †7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.17 P. M., arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. M., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11 00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.10 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 6.40 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.35 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 9.00 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.20 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.20 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M., 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.31 A. M., Dillon 10.42 A. M., Rowland 10.58 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.20 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Boardman at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Boardman 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 7.35 P. M., Manning 8.04 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.43 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.20 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.59 P. M., 10.40 P. M., arrive Selma 2.48 P. M. 11.24 P. M., Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.46 P. M., Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 12.19 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M., returning leave Rowland 10.58 A. M., Fayetteville 12.20 P. M., 9.41 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.54 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 11.33 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.05 A. M., Creston 4.54 A. M., arrive Denmark 5.55 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.24 P. M., Creston 5.22 P. M., Sumter 6.10 P. M. Daily.

Trains leave Creston 5.45 A. M.; arrive Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leave Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrive Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 1.50 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

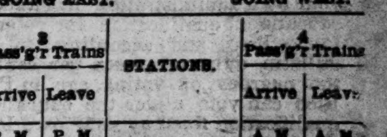
†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

my 27 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 9.



To Take Effect Tuesday, Aug. 8, 1899, at 9 A. M.

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.	
2 Pass'g'r Trains		STATIONS.	4 Pass'g'r Trains	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro........	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston........	10 12	....
5 40	5 50	Newbern........	8 37	[illegible]
7 02	7 07	Morehead City.	7 22	[illegible]
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.05 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

aug 6 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

CURE YOURSELF!

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 12.

BRYAN'S CAMPAIGN IN THE STATE OF MICHIGAN.

Sixteen Speeches on Day's Programme. A Series of Pertinent Questions to Republicans.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BATTLE CREEK, MICH., October 11.—Despite his arduous labors of yesterday, Candidate Bryan was astir early this morning. He made the first of sixteen speeches on the programme for the day at Hastings, beginning at a quarter past seven, and notwithstanding the early hour he had a good audience. The second speech of the morning was made at the little town of Nashville. Mr. Bryan had only five minutes, and he contented himself with suggesting a series of questions to Republicans. These were as follows:

"If the trust is a good thing, why did the Republican platform denounce trusts?"

"If the trust is a bad thing, why did the Republican administration cause more trusts to be organized than during all the previous history of the country.

"If some trusts are good and some bad, can you tell the difference between a good one and a bad one? Do you know of any good monopoly in private hands? Do you know of any man good enough to stand at the head of a monopoly and determine the price of that which others are to use.

"Do you know of any good reason why the army should be made one hundred thousand? Would you be willing to make the army 200,000 if the Republican leaders said so, or a half million if they wanted it?"

What is your title to the Filipino? Did you buy him or did you get him by force? Do you think you can buy the right to govern people? What are you going to do to with the Filipino when you get him? Are you going to kill him? Well, you cannot do that because you would lose your trade argument. You have got to let him live if you trade with him. Dead men don't buy things. If he lives is he to be a citizen or subject?"

"Are you going to have congressmen from the Philippines and senators and electors? If not, are you going to have subjects? When did you decide that it was wise for us to have half an empire and half a republic? When did you decide that a colonial policy was good?"

"Shall we force upon the Porto Ricans, because we have the power, that which we would not bear ourselves? What are you going to do with the Philippine question?"

At Battle Creek, Mr. Bryan spoke in a large park adjoining the Michigan Central depot, and had one of the best audiences of the tour.

At Albion Mr. Bryan replied to Gov. Roosevelt's assertion that the increase in the army was made necessary by the war in the Philippines, saying:

"The President, in his message of December, 1898, asked for an army of 100,000, two months before a shot was fired in the Philippine islands, and a Republican House of Representatives passed the bill raising the army to 100,000. And it did it after the treaty was signed with Spain and before an arm was raised against this country anywhere.

Interrupted by Students.

ANN ARBOR, MICH., October 11.—Mr. Bryan spoke from a platform erected in the court house square here, and the square was jammed with students of the University of Michigan. One clique of them directly in front of the platform tried to drown Mr. Bryan's voice out and the police were compelled to remove them. When quiet was restored, Mr. Bryan said:

"If I were an imperialist I would call out an army and suppress you, but I am not." This remark pleased the students and except for occasional shouts, he was not again interrupted.

Mr. Bryan took up the Trust question at the beginning of his speech and was asked:

"How about the ice trust?"

"Will you explain to me," he replied, "why every Republican knows there is an ice trust and yet no Republican knows anything about any other kind of a trust? Every director of the ice trust is a Republican. [Applause and cries of "No" and "How about Croker?"]

"Mr. Croker is not a director. He is simply a stockholder." [Cries of Oh! and applause.]

"The Governor of the State of New York is a Republican and if he were in New York punishing the ice trust instead or making speeches out here there would be no ice trust. [Applause.] We had an ice trust in Omaha last Spring, but we have a Democratic attorney general there, and he commenced suit against the ice trust there, and it dissolved on the first day of August; but they do not do it in New York that way." [Applause.]

A voice—How about the cotton trust?

Mr. Bryan—The gentleman speaks of the cotton bale trust. Now let me tell you the facts. The cotton bale company has a patent for making round bales, and it bales less than one-twentieth of the cotton of the United States, and yet you Republicans say nothing about a salt trust that controls 95 per cent. of the output, but you howl about a cotton trust that has one-twentieth of the output. Are you honest? (Cries of "Yes.") Then you must have been ignorant (Great applause) for no honest man would condemn a five per cent. cotton bale trust and defend a 95 per cent. salt trust because it was Republican. (Great applause).

A voice—How about North Carolina?

Mr. Bryan—I thought there would be some North Carolina man here and so I brought a bulletin issued by the government under this administration, and therefore I know it must be right. It was issued August 29th, and when you people worry about the educational qualification in North Carolina, I want you to know that your own administration has fixed an educational qualification for voters in Porto Rico, and according to this bulletin only seventeen per cent. of the negroes of voting age in Porto Rico can vote under the educational qualification fixed by your own President. And, my friends, remember that in the South the educational qualification does not take from the black man the protection of the constitution, so far as their rights are concerned, but you take from the people of Porto Rico the protection of our constitution and under these qualifications we shut out 83 per cent. of the black men there.

THAT JOYFUL FEELING

With the exhilirating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of Figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old-time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well-informed. Buy the genuine. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

CHINESE SITUATION IS UNCHANGED.

Negotiations Among the Powers Upon Propositions Submitted by France.

NEARLY ALL GIVE ASSENT.

Japan Has Not Replied Officially—Great Britain Assents With Reservations. Movements of Allied Forces. Expedition to Pao Ting Fu.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, Oct. 11.—Negotiations are proceeding actively on the subject of the propositions contained in the note of M. Del Casse, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, regarding China, and it is said here the situation is as follows:

Russia, Italy and Austria accept the note unconditionally. Germany has not yet communicated her reply officially, but the French government has been given to understand that the German government considers that the note affords a basis for negotiations. Great Britain has also adhered to the French note, except respecting the permanent prohibition of the import of arms into China, on which point it makes certain reservations. The answer of the United States is known. Japan has not replied officially, but is expected to acquiesce. Although the French government is anxious to receive the reply of Japan, in view of the importance of the role Japan is entitled to play in the Chinese question, the French note has so far cleared the ground and the result is considered so satisfactory that M. Del Casse has instructed the French minister at Pekin, M. Pichon, to put himself in communication with the other ministers and has also requested the powers to authorize their representatives to confer with M. Pichon with the view of opening preliminary negotiations with Li Hung Chang.

LONDON, October 11.—The officials of the Foreign Office say Lord Salisbury assents to M. Del Casse's note, with a reservation as to the methods of prohibiting the import of arms, suggesting also that each nationality garrison one place instead of the proposed joint occupation of each locality.

United States' Reply.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—The reply of the State Department to the French note relative to the bases of Chinese negotiations was made public to-day. It reads as follows:

"The government of the United States agrees with that of France in recognizing as the object to be obtained from the government of China appropriate reparation for the past and substantial guarantees for the future.

"The President is glad to perceive in the bases of negotiations put forward in the memorandum of October 4th, the spirit that has animated the declarations heretofore made by all the Powers interested, and would be pleased to see the negotiations begun immediately upon the usual verification of credentials. It may be convenient to enumerate the clauses of the memorandum and to add some observations dictated by the attitude of the United States in the present circumstances.

"1. The punishment of the guilty parties who may be designated by the representatives of the Powers at Pekin. The Chinese government has already indicated its intention to punish a number of those responsible for recent disorders. The representatives of the Powers at Pekin may suggest additions to that list when negotiations are entered upon.

"2. The continuance of the interdiction against the importation of arms. It is not understood that this interdiction is to be permanent, and the duration of it and the details of its regulation seem a proper subject of discussion by the negotiators.

"3. Equitable indemnities to governments, corporations, and private individuals. This is an object desired by all the Powers. The Russian government has suggested that in case of protracted divergence of views, this matter might be commended to the consideration of the international court of arbitration of The Hague. The President thinks this suggestion worthy of the attention of the Powers.

"4. The organization in Pekin of a permanent guard for the legations. The government of the United States is unable to make any permanent engagement of this nature without the authorization of the legislative branch, but in its present emergency we have stationed in Pekin an adequate legation guard.

"5. The dismantling of forts at Taku. The President reserves the expression of his opinion as to this measure pending the receipt of further information in regard to the situation in China.

"6. The military occupation of two or three points on the road from Tien Tsin to Pekin. The same observation which has been made in reference to No. 4 applies also to this proposition. The President is unable to commit the United States to a permanent participation in such occupation; but he thinks it desirable that the Powers shall obtain from the Chinese government the assurance of their right to guard their legations in Pekin and to have the means of unrestricted access to them whenever required.

"The President believes that the governments of France and the other Powers will see in the reserves we have here made no obstacle to the initiation of negotiations on the lines suggested, and he hopes it will be found practicable to begin such negotiations at an early day.

"Department of State, Washington, October 10, 1900."

Emperor and Empress.

SHANGHAI, October 11.—The Chinese report the arrival of the Emperor and Dowager Empress at Chsu Ching (?), October 7th, fifteen miles southwest of Tai Yuan Fu. After a day's rest the Imperial party proceeded, escorted by large forces.

It is reported here that Russian troops from the southward occupied Mukden (Manchuria) without opposition, while Russians from the north captured Tie Ling, forty miles north of Mukden.

Pao Ting Fu Expedition.

TIEN TSIN, October 9.—Gen. Von Waldersee, commanding the allied forces, has issued orders to the Pao Ting Fu expedition to depart on the 11th. The expedition consists of a mixed force of 5,000 British, Germans, French and Italians. The force will leave Tien Tsin and will connect near Pao Ting Fu with a column of the same strength from Pekin under command of General Gaselee. Four battalions of French troops, which left Yang Tsun on October 4th on an independent expedition, have been halted and ordered to await the arrival of the force. The Americans, Russians and the Japanese are not participating in the movement. Despite Chinese assurances on the contrary, the commanders of the forces ordered to advance expect resistance.

Count Waldersee.

BERLIN, October 11.—Count von Waldersee, an official telegram announces, will start for Pekin from Tien Tsin next Saturday. The Germans are awaiting reinforcements at Tien Tsin before undertaking further measures. They have effected telegraphic communication between Tien Tsin and Pekin.

HONG KONG, Oct. 11.—Admiral Ho, with two hundred troops, has arrived at San Chun, (San Shui?) from Canton. A detachment of four hundred other troops is about to land at Deep bay. The British torpedo boat destroyer Otter has been ordered to Mirs bay (near Hong Kong).

The Bombay infantry has been ordered to be in readiness to proceed to the frontier at two hours notice.

Sentiment in Japan.

YOKOHAMA, September 28.—The tone of public sentiment in Japan, while it partakes of the general bewilderment arising from the muddle in China, indicates quite plainly that there is a decided tendency toward joining hands with Russia, should the Empire's natural allies—Great Britain and America—turn the cold shoulder to her. At the same time it is perfectly well known that Russia's hopes are centering in an ultimate alliance with Japan and it may be that the latter, when Western friends forsake her, will turn to her semi-Asiatic neighbor as the only resource for the settlement of this Eastern problem.

FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS

Alleged to Be Missing from a Ten Thousand Dollar Package Sent by Express from New York to Savannah.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 11.—Gustave Eckstein, a New York representative of a Savannah, Ga., wholesale cotton house, and also one of the partners in it, is trying to find out what has become of $5,000 which he claims was in an envelope sent by express marked $5,000, but said to have contained twice that sum when it was dispatched. On being opened at its destination only $5,000, it is declared, was forthcoming. One day last week Mr. Eckstein went to the Central National Bank, where he is a depositor, and drew a check for $10,000, asking the cashier, Mr. Young, for bills of large denomination. He was given nine one thousand dollar bills and two five hundred dollar bills. Then he asked the cashier to have them put in a large envelope, as he wanted to send the money by express. This was done and the parcel was handed to him.

Then, according to the story told by the cashier, the cotton merchant took a pen and marked on the envelope $5,000. That done, he returned it to the cashier and requested him to forward it to Savannah along with the rest of the bank business. The envelope was directed to Eckstein's brother, who is at the head of the Savannah house. Mr. Young took it and Mr. Eckstein left the bank.

At the close of business Eckstein's package, marked $5,000, was taken to an office of the Adams Express Company by a messenger of the bank. A receipt was issued for it as marked and it was forwarded, together with the other packages of money that had come from the same bank. Nothing was heard of the matter until late Tuesday night and then Gustave Eckstein got a telegram from his brother in Savannah, stating that the envelope had been received but it contained only $5,000. It is said that Gustave Eckstein had written his brother of the transaction and that the envelope would contain $10,000. Mr. Eckstein has put the matter into the hands of his attorney.

EXTRAVAGANT CLAIMS.

Postmaster General Smith Says West Virginia and Maryland Will Go Republican—Also Indiana.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, October 11.—Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith called at Republican national headquarters to day.

"Up to four weeks ago," he said, "there was a good deal of lethargy throughout the country on the part of the Republicans, due to over-confidence; recently there has been a great awakening. There was something of a scare. The result is increased activity. There has been a very marked change in Maryland, pointing to a Republican majority; West Virginia will go Republican by a larger majority than four years ago. I went to Indiana a few days ago, feeling that the State was very doubtful. I came away with the conviction that the Republican chances are the best."

At Democratic Headquarters.

Senator James K. Jones to day said:

"General Smith's statement does not disturb us. I do not think it will have any effect on the vote in Indiana. The American voter in these days does his own thinking. We think Indiana safely Democratic."

CUBANS AND CAVALRYMEN.

A General Fight Between U. S. Soldiers and Police of Matanzas.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, Oct. 11.—At Matanzas yesterday a Cuban policeman interferred with two members of the Second United States cavalry. The quarrel culminated in a general fight between the police and soldiers, who arrived upon the scene simultaneously. After the police had shot Turey of Troop D, one other soldier and one civilian, a number of troopers of Troop D, tried to break into the gun room to get their weapons, but the quick action of Captain Foltz, of Troop D, in forming troops D and M, in order, made it impossible for the excited cavalrymen to pass. Lieutenant Willard is said to have been slightly hurt while endeavoring to quiet the men.

The troopers declare they will have revenge and Colonel Noyes has ordered all confined to barracks. The feeling is very strong between the Cubans and cavalrymen.

Waterlogged and abandoned, the big barge Edith Howe is to-day a derelict and a menace to navigation off the North Carolina coast. Her crew was saved after much difficulty.

A Monster Devil Fish.

Destroying its victim, is a type of Constipation. The power of this murderous malady is felt on organs and nerves and muscles and brain. There's no health till it's overcome. But Dr. King's New Life Pills are a safe and certain cure. Best in the world for Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels. Only 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

SLIGHT CHANCES OF SETTLEMENT.

Delegates to the Coal Miners' Convention Assembling at Scranton, Pa.

TO CONSIDER PROPOSITIONS.

Many Will Vote to Reject the Ten Per Cent Increase in Wages Unless Other Concessions Are Made—Demonstration at Hazleton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SCRANTON, PA., October 11.—The convention of the anthracite miners, now on strike throughout the hard coal fields in Pennsylvania, will meet in this city to-morrow morning for the purpose of considering the ten per cent. increase in wages proffered them by nearly all the mine operators in the region. The delegates to the convention, who began arriving to day, have all sorts of instructions from their local unions on the proposition of the operators. It was learned that most of them now on the ground will vote to reject the ten per cent. increase unless the operators make further concessions. Many of the miners will not favor the advance unless the operators give a guarantee that the increase will be kept in force for a fixed length of time, others want the union recognized before they will accept the proposition, while not a few insist upon concessions in other grievances.

The belief is general that in the absence of any uniform instructions among the delegates, the chances of a settlement by this convention are rather slight. It is the impression of several labor leaders that at least a second convention will have to be held before any definite action will be taken looking toward an early ending of the contest.

President Mitchell's Views.

In speaking of to-morrow's convention President Mitchell said to day: "The miners' convention to morrow will be one of the most remarkable labor meetings held in the history of coal mining. For the first time in over thirty years representatives of all the collieries on strike will meet in convention to discuss matters of vital interest to them. The proposition submitted by the operators to advance their wages ten per cent. will, of course, be the paramount question.

"The calm, conservative conduct of the men during the strike will characterize their actions to-morrow. The anthracite miners, as a result of their long years of hardship, have become thoughtful and studious and have a thorough knowledge of the mining industry in all its phases. It will, undoubtedly, be their desire to legislate in the interest of the miners of every section of the region. The convention will be free from passion or excitement and the miners will demonstrate to the public that they are capable of doing business as prudent business men."

The convention, as near as the United Mine Workers' officials can figure, will consist of about seven hundred delegates. President Mitchell to-day prepared the address which he will deliver at the opening of the first session. In all likelihood the convention will be a secret one. President Mitchell will probably preside. The organizing of the convention will be the only thing done at to-morrow morning's session.

Demonstration by Strikers.

HAZLETON, PA., October 11.—About six hundred strikers, composed of men from McAdoo and other southside towns and this city, gathered at McAdoo before dawn this morning, marched to the Beaver Meadow colliery of Coxe Brothers & Company, which had been kept in steady operation since the inauguration of the strike, then came around to the strippings, and from there marched right into the heart of Hazleton. The colliery, however, had already suspended.

The parade dispersed in this city and the men returned to their homes. Several women were in the crowd.

SHENANDOAH, PA., October 11.—General Gobin to-night issued orders for the Governor's troop of cavalry to leave for Oneida. They will arrive at Oneida before daybreak. The general says he does not anticipate any further outbreak at Oneida, but that the people there are nervous since the rioting occurred, and he thinks the presence of the troops will have a pacifying effect.

THE NATIONAL BANKS.

Reports of Condition at the Close of Business September 5th, 1900.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, October 11.—The Comptroller of the Currency has completed an abstract of reports of the condition of all the national banks in the United States at the close of business September 5, 1900.

The summary shows that the aggregate loans and discounts of the banks were $2,686,759,640 and the aggregate individual deposits $8,507,258,557.

A comparison of these figures with the condition June 29th, 1900, the date of the previous call, shows that during the period between June and September, there was an increase of $53,247,439 in loans and discounts and $49,155,799 in individual deposits.

The number of banks reporting on June 29th was 3,733 and the number reporting on September 5th was 3,872, an increase of 140.

THE FIRE ENGINEERS

International Association Adjourned to Meet in Indianapolis Next Year.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., October 11.—The International Association of Fire Engineers adjourned its 28th annual convention to-night to meet next year in Indianapolis. Miles S. Humphreys, of Pittsburg, Pa., was elected president, after a spirited contest. Major Edward Hughes, of Louisville, elected first vice president, and John Stagg, of Patterson, N. J., second vice president. Henry A. Mills, Wyoming, Ohio, was elected secretary, and D. C. Larkin, Dayton, Ohio, treasurer.

One of the features of the morning session was the introduction of fire Chiefs Gilbert and Smith, of New Zealand. Mr. Gilbert spoke on the methods of fire fighting in New Zealand and said that his country recognized that a loss by fire was a loss to the State and for that reason every possible protection was afforded.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

VICTORY IN NOVEMBER.

Hon. Adlai E. Stevenson Brings Encouraging Reports of the Outlook in the Western States.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, October 11.—Adlai E. Stevenson, Democratic candidate for the vice presidency, arrived in Baltimore to-day. He was accompanied by Judge William M. Springer, of Illinois.

"I am feeling in splendid health, and I am confident of Democratic success," said Mr. Stevenson. "Already I have spoken in three or four States and my reception everywhere has been cordial and the enthusiasm pronounced. The people are alive to the real issues of the campaign, and in my personal talks with the representative men of the localities I have visited there is every cause for satisfaction with the outlook for victory in November.

"I have great hopes of Maryland being restored to the Democratic column, where she really belongs, and it is with pleasure I now have the opportunity to meet her people. I intend doing my full share in aiding to bring the State back into line.

"In West Virginia there is splendid organization among the Democrats and their leaders are working like Trojans for success next month. The situation in my own State, Illinois, is rapidly assuming satisfactory shape, and our forces are growing in wonderful fashion. We are exceedingly hopeful of the outcome."

Mr. Stevenson addressed a big crowd at Belair, Md., this afternoon, and, returning here, spoke to a crowded house at the Broadway Institute. At these places he confined his remarks mainly to imperialism.

BROTHERHOOD OF ST. ANDREW.

More Than Five Hundred Delegates at the National Assembly in Richmond.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., October 11.—The National Assembly of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew met at 2.30 P. M., G. Harry Davis, first vice president, calling the body to order. More than 500 delegates, representing nearly every State in the Union, had registered as present when the convention met.

Immediately after the organization of the body, Thos. C. Ruffin, of Richmond, made a formal address of welcome to the convention, and Vice President Davis responded in appropriate terms. The report of the executive council was then submitted, and later came the announcement of a number of committees.

The report of the council says that since the date of last report twenty-nine new chapters have been chartered, and six chapters, which had previously surrendered their charters, have asked for re-issues—a total of thirty five. On the other hand, forty-nine chapters have surrendered their charters. The net decrease in the number of chapters is, therefore, fourteen. The charters still in force num-1,172. Eight years ago the average membership was fourteen, to-day it is only ten.

The junior department grows steadily. There are now about 3,600 boys and youths enrolled in the 413 chapters.

In obedience to the instructions of the Columbus convention, the council has suggested to the councils of other national brotherhoods that the rule of service should be conformed to the terms of the Washington basis of union as a step towards such restatement as may ultimately be agreed upon. The Washington basis reads:

"The rule of service is to make an earnest effort each week to bring at least one young man within the hearing of the Gospel of Jesus Christ."

The presentation of the treasurer's report was postponed until to-morrow.

At 11 o'clock this morning the opening service of the convention proper was held at St. Paul's church, the Right Rev. R. A. Gibron, Bishop Coadjutor of Virginia, delivering the charge to the assembly. At 4 P. M. a general conference was held, addresses being made by William C. Sturgis, of New Haven, and John R. Mott, general secretary of the World's Student Christian Federation, and at 8 P. M., in St. Paul's church, a devotional service in preparation for the Holy Communion was held, being conducted by the Rev. T. D. B. Bratton, St. Mary's school, Raleigh, N. C.

ISLAND OF PORTO RICO.

Report of Brigadier General Davis, Commanding the Department.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, October 11.—The War Department to day made public the annual report of Brigadier General G. W. Davis, commanding the Department of Porto Rico. It states that when the organization of the civil government shall have been completed and the civil machinery is working well, there will be no necessity to retain so large a force as at present. He says, however, that he cannot conceive it possible to limit the garrison to a force just sufficient to take care of the guns at San Juan, and he points out that the island of Porto Rico must have in the future as it has had in the past, great military importance.

General Davis adds: "It is inconceivable that the United States will leave the island without adequate protection of men, ships and guns, the only land owned by the United States in the West Indies.

GERMANY AND RUSSIA.

Significant Speech of a Russian General to His Troops.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, October 12.—The correspondent of the *Standard* attaches significance to a speech made by the Russian General in command at Wilna to some troops who had been ordered to China, but were recalled from Odessa on the very evening of sailing. He says that the general, in addressing the men, made this explanation: "The Czar decided that it was necessary to bring you back to Wilna so that you might be ready here to join us against a foe we shall be ordered to meet."

The correspondent adds that the foe hinted at can only be Germany.

ECCLESIASTICAL MATTERS.

Annual Meeting of Archbishops of the Roman Catholic Church.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—The archbishops of the Roman Catholic Church of America held their annual meeting at the Catholic University to-day. Ecclesiastical matters principally were considered and the conference adjourned in the afternoon.

The only subject of general interest that was discussed was in relation to a proposed change in the date of the annual meeting from the second Thursday in October to the third Thursday in November. Such a change seems probable as the discussion showed that it is difficult for the archbishops to leave their dioceses during October.

IN SOUTHERN CHINA

Serious Rebellion in Kwang Si Province. 20,000 Chinese Troops Sent to Pao Ting Fu.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 11.—Sheng, the Toa Tai, has received a telegram from General Su, reporting that a serious rebellion has broken out in the southwestern part of Kwang Si province, that his thirty thousand troops are inadequate, and that he needs at least 100,000 to cope with the danger, which is directed against the Manchus and threatens to become worse than the Tai Ping rebellion. It is reported that the Yang Tse viceroys have sent 20,000 troops to Pao Ting Fu to suppress the rebellion.

Foreign Missions Destroyed.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—The Pekin correspondent of the *Morning Post*, wiring Sunday last, says:

"Mr. Tewksbury, an American missionary residing in Tung Chow, has presented claims on behalf of converts in twenty villages for compensation for property losses."

The Hong Kong correspondent of the *Daily Mail* says that the rebellion in the province of Kwang Tung is becoming anti-foreign and that five missions have been destroyed at Han King Chou.

TROUBLE WITH FILIPINOS.

Outbreak in the Island of Leyte—Engagements Between Guerillas and American forces.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, October 11.—The west coast of the island of Leyte is in a state of turmoil. The rebel Ladrones are actively plundering, the disturbers following our tactics, raiding and attacking and then returning to the garrisoned towns, while the Americans pursue in the mountains.

General Mojica's officers are surrendering and his soldiers attempting to escape to Samar in boats are being captured and his organization broken up.

The captured guerillas and Ladrones, when questioned, stated that on the fifth instant thirty Americans attacked forty-five rebels, rifled their stronghold in the Camarine province and routed them, killing ten. Two Americans were killed and three wounded.

Twenty men of the Thirty second infantry in an engagement on the 10th instant in Batan province had one man killed and four wounded.

The Philippine commission, of which Judge Taft is the president, to-day passed eight bills, including one for an increase of civil salaries of several of the municipal departments.

SHORTAGE IN COTTON SEED.

Oil Manufacturers Seeking to Control Prices for Seed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSON, MISS., October 11.—Numerous conferences are being held by the cotton oil manufacturers of Mississippi with a view to controlling prices to be paid for seed. The mills are now paying $16 per ton and as the crop is fifty per cent. short, it is the general belief that the price will advance to at least $18 within the next few weeks. The manufacturers say, however, they cannot afford to pay more than the present price and that they are losing money on seed products at the prevailing figures. Many of the mills are holding their oil in the expectation of an advance. It is thought two-thirds of the mills will be closed down by Christmas on account of the seed shortage.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Boers have torn up the railway north of Bethulie and captured a British outpost.

Ex-Mayor Walter C. Flower, of New Orleans, died at his Summer home in Covington, La., yesterday.

It is asserted in Rome that Archbishop Martinelli will be raised to the Cardinalate at the next consistory.

A huge reception will be given Governor Roosevelt by New York Republicans on the evening of October 26th. It will be held in Madison Square Garden.

The Russell A. Alger syndicate will build a railroad from Foshee, Ala., to Pensacola, running through the timber land recently acquired by the company.

The population of the State of Connecticut, as announced by the Census Bureau is 908,355. In 1880 the population was 746,258. The increase is 216,097 or 21.7 per cent.

The board of Naval bureau chiefs has decided by a vote of four to one to postpone the date of opening bids for new battleships, set for November 15, until December 7th, when the bids for the cruiser also will be opened.

The Sandwich Hotel, at Thomaston, Ga., burned to the ground yesterday morning. The seventy-five guests escaped. The loss on hotel, furnishings and personal effects of the guests is about $35,000.

Henry E. Youtsey, whose illness caused a halt in his trial on the charge of being a principal in the shooting of Governor Goebel, was somewhat better yesterday. He was reported still in a stupor, however, and further postponement was granted until to-day.

It is semi-officially denied in Paris that the French government has been approached on the subject of the disembarkation of former President Kruger at Marseilles, whence he could cross France to The Hague. On the contrary, it is added, Mr. Kruger is expected to land directly in Holland.

Mullets. Our Own Catch

VIRGINIA WATER GROUND MEAL.
FLOUR, all grades in barrels and bags.
LARD, SOAP, LYE, MULLET BARRELS.
A full line of Tobacco, Cigars & Cigarettes.
SALT in 100 lb., 125 lb. and 200 lb. bags.
CAKES AND CRACKERS of all kinds.
CANDY in Buckets and Boxes.
SARDINES, MOLASSES AND CHEESE.
WRAPPING PAPER, PAPER BAGS.
TWINE, NAILS AND COTTON TIES.

For sale by

WILLIAMS BROTHERS

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants.

sep 15 tf

TORNADO INSURANCE.

NOW IS THE TIME TO GET

TORNADO INSURANCE,

BY APPLYING TO

FRANK H. STEDMAN, INSURANCE AGENT.

sep 19 tf

REMOVED.

I take pleasure in informing my friends and customers that Gaylord's Branch Store has been removed to and consolidated with the My Department Store, No. 208-210 North Front street, where I will be pleased to see them and where they will find me in much better position to serve them with perfect satisfaction.

Watch for our Fall Opening next week.

J. R. BOYD,
Former Manager Gaylord's Branch Store, corner Fourth and Campbell Sts.

oct 11 tf

1900. 1900.

FALL AND WINTER OPENING,

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, OCTOBER 10th and 11th.

French Pattern Hats and Latest Novelties

of Ostrich and Fancy Feathers, Millinery Trimmings, Dress Goods, Silks, &c.

J. H. REHDER & CO.

Select Music, - - - - - 10 A. M. to 10 P. M

Come and bring your friends. oct 7 tf

Deposit your Savings in . . **The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.**

You will be allowed interest at rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum, compounded quarterly. Your deposit can be withdrawn at any time, without a moment's notice. You can rest easy, feeling sure that your money is invested in the largest and strongest Savings Bank in North Carolina. Polite and courteous treatment accorded to all.

Safety Deposit Boxes for rent. Prices, $4.00 to $15.00 per year.

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO., 108 Princess street.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier. oct 4 tf

Boy Wanted

TO DELIVER

School Shoes.

Levi McMillan & Co.

oct 11 tf

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Mrs. McMillan and Miss Corbett will be at Miss Alderman's, 15 South Fourth street, Saturday, October 13th, at 4.30 P. M., to meet pupils intending to enter the classes of the Fletcher Music Method (Simplex and Kindergarten). No classes will be formed later. oct 12 2t

A lot [of especially selected high grade Jersey and Durham Milch Cows for sale. Old [illegible] and Market

[illegible] fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy, Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. jy 8 tf

Apples, Peaches and Honey—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches, Butter, Chickens, Eggs, Bananas, Lemons, Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Block Honey now on hand. Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant, 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 1 tf

Maxton Building and Loan Association,

MAXTON N. C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, MAXTON.
ED. MCRAE, MAXTON.
A. J. MCKINNON, MAXTON.
G. B. PATTERSON, MAXTON.
R. W. LIVERMORE, PATES.
W. H. BERNARD, WILMINGTON.
M. G. MCKENZIE, MAXTON.

Initiation fee, 25 cents per share.
Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER Secretary. se 10 tf

HAY AND GRAIN.

Five car-loads of No. 1 Timothy Hay.
Seven car-loads of Texas R. P. and Mixed Oats.
ALSO
MULLETS, SUGAR, COFFEE, and complete line of Canned Goods.
Get our prices.

D. L. GORE CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS, Wilmington, N. C.

oct 7 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS IN DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

sep 19

SALT.

CARGO JUST ARRIVED,

Orders will receive prompt attention.

FINE NORTH CAROLINA RUST PROOF OATS.
BAGGING AND TIES.
LIME, CEMENT.
HEAVY GROCERIES.

Lowest Prices.

THE WORTH CO.

sep 19 tf

PALACE BAKERY

Having purchased all the store, furniture and fixtures, bakery and ice cream factory of the "Palace Bakery," this is to notify the patrons of the Palace Bakery that it will open with a full, fresh and new stock of Confectioneries, Bread, Cakes, Pies, etc.,

Saturday, October 6th.

I will also have a fresh line of home-made Candies and will furnish the best Ice Cream on short notice delivered anywhere in the city. My business at No. 705 North Fourth street will continue as heretofore.

Thanking my friends and the public for their liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon me, and asking a continuance of the same, I am respectfully to serve you,

Andrew Mavronichols.

No. 119 Market street. Bell 'Phone 261. Inter-State 25. oct 7

[illegible] AT CLOSE RANGE [illegible] the minutest [illegible] can be detected. Our [illegible] in

FURNITURE

will bear the closest scrutiny. The more they're studied the more they're admired, because rigid inspection reveals excellencies that would otherwise escape notice. American Furniture is the finest in the world, and ours isn't excelled in the U. S.

MUNROE & KELLY,

No. 19 South Front street. Bell 'Phone 115. oct 9 tf